

**HOUSE . . . . . No. 01849**

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*(House – [Enter text], 02/17/2011)*

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**The Commonwealth of Massachusetts**

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IN THE YEAR TWO THOUSAND ELEVEN

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# HOUSE . . . . . No. 1849

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A message from His Excellency the Governor recommending legislation improving the quality of health care and controlling costs by reforming health systems and payments.

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## The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

—————  
**In the Year Two Thousand Eleven**  
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An Act improving the quality of health care and controlling costs by reforming health systems and payments.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:*

- 1 February 17, 2011.
- 2 To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives:
- 3 I am filing for your consideration a bill entitled, “An Act Improving the Quality of Health Care
- 4 and Controlling Costs by Reforming Health Systems and Payments.” Through our collective
- 5 efforts during the past several years, Massachusetts has become a national leader in health care
- 6 reform. Today, we have an opportunity to expand that leadership by ensuring that health care is
- 7 universally affordable.
- 8 The bill I am filing will lower health care costs for consumers while providing the health care
- 9 industry both the incentives and the freedom to innovate and find lower cost ways to deliver
- 10 better care.
- 11 This legislation will realize these goals by:

- 12 • Giving the Commissioner of the Division of Insurance authority to consider several new  
13 criteria when deciding whether or not to disapprove excessive health insurance premium  
14 increases;
  - 15 • Encouraging the formation and use of integrated care organizations, comprised of groups  
16 of providers that work together to achieve improved health outcomes for patients at lower costs;
  - 17 • Establishing benchmarks and timelines for the transition to “alternatives to fee for  
18 service” and the predominant use of integrated care organizations by 2015;
  - 19 • Encouraging the use of payment methods (such as global payments, bundled payments,  
20 etc.) that will decrease total per capita expenditures on health care, and the rate of growth in  
21 expenditures for health care in the Commonwealth, and improve the efficiency, effectiveness and  
22 quality of health care delivery;
  - 23 • Ensuring transparency and accuracy of payer and provider costs, provider payments,  
24 clinical outcomes, quality measures, and other information which is necessary to discern the  
25 value of health services;
  - 26 • Empowering the relevant state entities to monitor and address disparities in the health  
27 care market that contribute to high health care costs; and
  - 28 • Discouraging the practice of defensive medicine and improving the quality of health care  
29 by requiring open communication between providers and patients during a “cooling off period”  
30 before litigation can commence and limiting the use of a physician’s apology in litigation.
- 31 With the passage of the health care reform bill in 2006, the Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
32 became the first state in the nation to take on the challenge of ensuring access to health care for

33 all its residents. This is the year we take on the challenge of ensuring that high quality care is  
34 also universally affordable.

35 I urge your prompt and favorable consideration of this legislation.

36 Respectfully submitted,

37 DEVAL L. PATRICK,

38 Governor.

39

40 The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

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42 In the Year Two Thousand Eleven.

43 \_\_\_\_\_

44 AN ACT IMPROVING THE QUALITY OF HEALTH CARE AND CONTROLLING COSTS  
45 BY REFORMING HEALTH SYSTEMS AND PAYMENTS.

46 Whereas, The deferred operation of this act would tend to defeat its purpose, which is forthwith  
47 to improve the quality of health care and control costs by reforming health systems and  
48 payments, therefore it is hereby declared to be an emergency law, necessary for the immediate  
49 preservation of the public health and convenience.

50 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled,  
51 and by the authority of the same, as follows:

52

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68 Finding and Purposes

69 SECTION 1. The general court finds that:

70 (a) The commonwealth leads the nation in the percentage of residents who have health  
71 insurance, with more than 98% covered. The rate of insurance coverage has increased for all  
72 income levels and among all racial and ethnic groups in the commonwealth. As of June 2010,  
73 more than 400,000 people in the commonwealth had insurance who had previously been  
74 uninsured before enactment of the 2006 health care reform act. Furthermore, the proportion of  
75 employers offering health insurance to their employees has increased to 76%, while the national  
76 average is 69%. While the commonwealth ranks first in the nation in providing access to its  
77 residents, the Commonwealth Fund ranks Massachusetts thirty-third on avoidable hospital use  
78 and costs. This ranking reflects the need to improve quality and coordination of care. In  
79 addition Medicare reimbursements per Massachusetts enrollee are among the highest in the  
80 nation reflecting the overall higher cost of health care compared to the rest of the nation.

81 (b) The rate of increase in health care costs has outpaced growth in the economy and threatens  
82 the financial health of individuals and businesses, while squeezing out other priorities for  
83 government spending. Left unchecked, per capita health care spending in the commonwealth is  
84 expected to continue to outpace the annual rise in the gross domestic product, with total health  
85 care spending reaching \$123 billion by 2020.

86 (c) Many of the cost and quality problems in health care are either caused or exacerbated by the  
87 current fee-for-service payment system. Under most current health care payment arrangements  
88 physicians, hospitals, and other providers receive more revenue for delivering more services, not  
89 for delivering higher quality services or services that are more effective in improving an  
90 individual's health. Providers who keep individuals well or help them manage chronic medical

91 problems effectively are not rewarded for those outcomes. In fact, providers are often penalized  
92 if visits to the doctor are avoided, tests or procedures are appropriately not scheduled and  
93 hospital beds are not filled. While many of the advances in medicine and the understanding of  
94 disease processes indicate that providers can act to prevent chronic diseases, help patients  
95 manage those diseases to avoid complications, and prevent adverse outcomes from occurring,  
96 achieving these outcomes requires providers to deliver care across many settings and to work as  
97 a team. Yet separate payments are made to physicians, hospitals and other health care providers  
98 involved in an individual's care. There are few incentives for providers to coordinate their  
99 services and many preventive and care coordination functions are not reimbursed or are poorly  
100 reimbursed.

101 (d) In addition there are wide variations in prices paid by insurers to providers for the same or  
102 similar services. There is a need for greater transparency about the rationale for these differences  
103 in payments in order to maintain access to the full continuum of health care services from  
104 primary care to quaternary care.

105 (e) Therefore, it is necessary to enact legislation to limit health care costs while improving health  
106 care services to residents of the commonwealth. This act achieves those goals by:

107 (i) Encouraging the formation of integrated care organizations, commonly referred to as  
108 accountable care organizations, comprised of connected or integrated groups of health care  
109 providers that achieve improved health outcomes and lower the costs of care.

110 (ii) Providing for payment methods that will decrease total per capita expenditures, and the rate  
111 of growth in expenditures for health care in the commonwealth, and improve the efficiency,  
112 effectiveness and quality of its health care delivery systems. Payments will move from

113 predominant fee-for-service to global and other alternative payment methods for the provision of  
114 health care services. All public and private payers in the commonwealth will move to  
115 reimbursements that are based on the quality rather than the volume of services, and employ  
116 comparable approaches to clinical risk adjustment and payment methodologies for comparable  
117 patient groups.

118 (iii) Ensuring transparency of payer and provider costs, provider payments, clinical outcomes,  
119 quality measures, and other information is necessary to discern the value of health services; and  
120 ensure such information is accurate, relevant and publicly available. All residents of the  
121 commonwealth must have the information they need to make informed choices among primary  
122 care clinicians, other providers and integrated systems.

123 (iv) Providing a transition period for improving the delivery system and for adopting alternative  
124 payments. Upon passage of this act, the division of insurance will have additional authority to  
125 take into account provider rate increases and provider rate disparities in considering whether  
126 premium increases are justified.

127 (v) Enacting strong safeguards for consumers to ensure continued access for all.

128 Powers of Attorney General

129 SECTION 2. Chapter 12 of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section 11L  
130 the following section:-

131 Section 11M. The attorney general shall:

132 (a) monitor trends in the health care market during the reorganization of the health care system;  
133 including but not limited to trends in ACO size and composition, consolidation in the ACO and



134 provider markets, payer contracting trends, impact on patient selection of provider and ACO, and  
135 other market effects of the transition from fee-for-service forms of payment.

136 (b) in consultation with the coordinating council, take appropriate action to prevent excess  
137 consolidation or collusion of providers or ACOs and to remedy these or other related anti-  
138 competitive dynamics in the health care market;

139 (c) provide assistance as needed to support efforts by the commonwealth to obtain exemptions  
140 or waivers from certain provisions of federal law including, from the federal office of the  
141 inspector general, a waiver of the provisions of, or expansion of the “safe harbors” provided for  
142 under 42 U.S.C. section 1320a-7b; and obtaining from the federal office of the inspector general  
143 a waiver of or exemption from the provisions of 42 U.S.C. section 1395nn(a) to (e).

144 As used in this section, terms shall have the meanings assigned by section 1 of chapter 118I.

145 SECTION 3. Chapter 93A of the General Laws is hereby amended by adding the following  
146 section:

147 Section 115. A health care provider, as defined in section 1 of chapter 176O, shall not recoup or  
148 attempt to recoup amounts in excess of the amounts charged to carriers pursuant to section 5A of  
149 chapter 176O by increasing charges to other health benefit plans or other payers. The attorney  
150 general may adopt regulations enforcing this section, which shall include requirements for  
151 identifying and enforcing noncompliance and penalties for noncompliance.

152 SECTION 4. The attorney general shall analyze all state and federal laws and regulations that  
153 have any impact on the implementation of this act, including but not limited to state and federal  
154 antitrust provisions, and not later than April 1, 2012 or 180 days after enactment of the act,

155 whichever is later, submit a report to the joint committee on health care financing and to the  
156 coordinating council established by chapter 118I of the General Laws. The report shall: (a)  
157 analyze the sufficiency of current state and federal antitrust law to provide adequate remedies  
158 and market intervention tools for appropriate protection of competitive markets and price  
159 regulation relative to the transition to accountable care organization and alternative payment  
160 methodologies for the delivery of health services in the commonwealth; (b) recommend any  
161 amendments to such laws to improve the adequacy of remedies and interventions available to  
162 protect markets against anti-competitive trends; and (c) make specific recommendations for any  
163 other statutory and regulatory changes to create sufficient tools and authority to adequately  
164 protect the interests of consumers and purchasers in sustaining an open and competitive market  
165 for the purchase of health care services.

166 Health Information Technology Council

167 SECTION 5. Section 6D of chapter 40J of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out  
168 subsection (b), as amended by section 97 of chapter 240 of the acts of 2010, and inserting in  
169 place thereof the following subsection:-

170 (b) There shall be a health information technology council within the corporation. The council  
171 shall advise the institute on the dissemination of health information technology across the  
172 commonwealth, including the deployment of electronic health records systems in all health care  
173 provider settings that are networked through a statewide health information exchange.

174 The council shall consist of 18 members, as follows: 1 shall be the secretary of health and human  
175 services, who shall serve as the chair; 1 shall be the secretary of administration and finance or  
176 designee; 1 shall be the secretary of housing and economic development or designee; 1 shall be

177 the director of the office of Medicaid or designee; 1 shall be the commissioner of public health;  
178 and 13 shall be appointed by the governor, of whom at least 1 shall be an expert in health  
179 information technology, 1 shall be an expert in law and health policy, and 1 shall be an expert in  
180 health information privacy and security; 1 shall be from an academic medical center; 1 shall be  
181 from a community hospital; 1 shall be from a community health center; 1 shall be from a long  
182 term care facility; 1 shall be from large physician group practice; 1 shall be from a small  
183 physician group practice; 1 shall represent health insurance carriers; and 3 additional members  
184 shall have experience or expertise in health information technology. The council may consult  
185 with parties, public or private, that it considers desirable in exercising its duties under this  
186 section, including persons with expertise and experience the development and dissemination of  
187 electronic health records systems, and the implementation of electronic health record systems by  
188 small physician groups or ambulatory care providers, as well as persons representing  
189 organizations within the commonwealth interested in and affected by the development of  
190 networks and electronic health records systems, including, but not limited to, persons  
191 representing local public health agencies, licensed hospitals and other licensed facilities and  
192 providers, private purchasers, the medical and nursing professions, physicians, health insurers  
193 and health plans, the state quality improvement organization, academic and research institutions,  
194 consumer advisory organizations with expertise in health information technology and other  
195 stakeholders as identified by the secretary of health and human services. Appointive members of  
196 the council shall serve for terms of 2 years or until a successor is appointed. Members shall be  
197 eligible to be reappointed and shall serve without compensation.

198 The members of the council shall be deemed to be directors for purposes of the fourth paragraph  
199 of section 3. Chapter 268A shall apply to all council members, except that the council may

200 purchase from, sell to, borrow from, contract with or otherwise deal with any organization in  
201 which any council member is in anyway interested or involved; provided, however, that such  
202 interest or involvement shall be disclosed in advance to the council and recorded in the minutes  
203 of the proceedings of the council; and provided further, that no member shall be deemed to have  
204 violated section 4 of said chapter 268A because of his receipt of his usual and regular  
205 compensation from his employer during the time in which the member participates in the  
206 activities of the council.

#### 207 Expansion of Medical Peer Review

208 SECTION 6. Section 1 of chapter 111 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2008 Official  
209 Edition, is hereby amended by striking out, in line 38, the words “one hundred and seventy-six  
210 G” and inserting in place thereof the following words:- 176G or within an accountable care  
211 organization certified by the division of health care finance and policy under chapter 118I.

#### 212 Division of Health Care Resource Planning

213 SECTION 7. Section 25B of chapter 111 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2008 Official  
214 Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after the word “minimum”, in line 118, the following  
215 words:- ; or as further determined by the state health plan.

216 SECTION 8. The definition of “Substantial change in services” in said section 25B of said  
217 chapter 111, as so appearing, is hereby further amended by striking out the last sentence and  
218 inserting in place thereof the following 2 sentences:- Any increase in bed capacity of more than 4  
219 beds for any hospital licensed pursuant to section 51 shall constitute a substantial change in  
220 service. The department may further define substantial change in service in accordance with the  
221 state health plan.

222 SECTION 9. The sixth paragraph of section 25C of said chapter 111, as so appearing, is hereby  
223 further amended by adding the following sentence:- Any such determination by the department  
224 shall be consistent with the state health plan issued by the health planning council pursuant to  
225 section 25L.

226 SECTION 10. Said chapter 111 is hereby further amended by inserting after section 25E the  
227 following section:-

228 Section 25E<sup>1/2</sup>. (a) There shall be in the department a division of health planning, in this section  
229 called the division. The division shall develop a state health plan every 2 years, amended more  
230 frequently as needed.

231 (b) There shall be in the department a health planning council consisting of the commissioner or  
232 designee, the director of the office of Medicaid or designee, the commissioner of health care  
233 finance and policy or designee, the secretary of health and human services or designee, the  
234 director of the division, and 3 members appointed by the governor, of whom at least 1 shall be a  
235 health economist; at least 1 shall have experience in health policy and planning, and at least 1  
236 shall have experience in health care market planning and service line analysis. The health  
237 planning council shall advise the division and shall oversee and issue the state health plan  
238 developed by the division.

239 (c) The state health plan developed by the division shall include at least the following: (1) an  
240 inventory of current health care facilities that includes licensed beds, surgical capacity, numbers  
241 of technologies or equipment defined as innovative services or new technologies by the  
242 department, and all other services or supplies that are subject to determination of need, and (2) an

243 assessment of the need for every such service or supply on a state-wide or regional basis  
244 including projections for such need for at least 5 years.

245 (d) The department shall issue guidelines, rules, or regulations consistent with the state health  
246 plan for making determinations of need.

#### 247 Powers of Office of Patient Protection

248 SECTION 11. Paragraph (a) of section 217 of chapter 111 of the General Laws, as amended by  
249 section 8 of chapter 288 of the acts of 2010, is hereby further amended by adding the following  
250 clause:

251 (8) establish by regulation, after consulting the coordinating council established by chapter 118I,  
252 procedures and rules relating to appeals by consumers from accountable care organizations, and  
253 to conduct hearings and issue rulings on appeals brought by ACO consumers that are not  
254 otherwise properly heard through the consumer's payer or provider.

255

#### 256 Powers of Division of Health Care Finance and Policy

257 SECTION 12. Chapter 118G of the General Laws is hereby amended by adding the following  
258 section:-

259 Section 42. As used in this section, terms shall have the meanings assigned by section 1 of  
260 chapter 118I. To facilitate a transition to a health care market where global and other alternative  
261 payment methodologies are the norm, the division shall monitor health care expenditures across  
262 the commonwealth and issue regulations consistent with the following:

263 (a) In consultation with the coordinating council, and pursuant to this chapter, the division shall  
264 collect, monitor, evaluate, and issue reports documenting and analyzing costs and payments for  
265 health care services in the commonwealth and shall further:

266 (1) Establish by regulation benchmarks for expanding the use of alternative payment  
267 methodologies and reducing the use of fee-for-service methodologies by payers and providers for  
268 the purpose of adopting alternative payment methods across the health care industry by the end  
269 of the year 2015 and for the purposes of lowering annual increases in total medical expenditures.  
270 Such benchmarks shall be consistent with the provisions of section 5A of chapter 176O and any  
271 regulations adopted under section 5A;

272 (2) Establish by regulation standards for alternative payment methodologies to be utilized in  
273 contracts between payers and ACOs and other providers consistent with the following  
274 requirements. All payers shall develop alternative payment methodologies consistent with  
275 regulations adopted by the division for the provision of integrated health care services to ACO  
276 patients and shall offer these methodologies to compensate ACOs. Payers may include  
277 additional payments for services provided to patients in addition to integrated health care  
278 services, which may include, but not be limited to, home health and chronic/rehabilitation  
279 services. The costs of integrated health care services shall be included in the cost base for the  
280 establishment of any alternative payment method to be used by payers. All contracts between  
281 payers and ACOs that contain a provision for shared savings between the provider and the payer  
282 shall contain a mechanism to return a percentage of the savings to the ACO members.

283 (3) Establish requirements for disclosure to the division of ACO costs, and of payments made by  
284 payers to ACOs;

285 (4) Require each payer to submit documentation to the division at least annually, certified by the  
286 payer's chief financial officer, which (i) demonstrates that the rates of payment under contracts  
287 with providers and ACOs in the upcoming year can be reasonably expected to result in spending  
288 not in excess of relevant cost containment benchmarks and growth rates established by the  
289 division, and (ii) shows the actual aggregate spending growth rate under the most recent contract  
290 year for all contracts in effect with providers and ACOs, the actual spending growth rate for all  
291 ACOs, and the actual spending growth rate for all other providers under contract with each  
292 payer; provided further that, the division may require additional reporting, as it deems necessary  
293 to properly monitor cost growth trends in the health care market;

294 (5) Monitor compliance by ACOs, providers, and payers with requirements established pursuant  
295 to this chapter and any implementing regulations promulgated by the division; achievement of  
296 benchmarks toward use of global and alternative payment methods by payers; cost growth trends  
297 in health care sector of the commonwealth's economy; and cost growth trends under global and  
298 alternative payment methodologies utilized by payers in the commonwealth;

299 (6) Hold hearings to determine appropriate cost growth and other benchmarks for the transition  
300 to the use of global and alternative payment methods, and payment limits for health care  
301 services;

302 (7) Waive any of its requirements to permit and support innovative demonstrations or pilot  
303 programs; provided that such waivers may only be renewed if material savings or improvements  
304 in the delivery and quality of care can be documented, to the satisfaction of the division.



305 Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the division shall encourage and assist  
306 providers with voluntary adoption of alternative payment methodologies as much as practicable  
307 relative to funding and resources available to the division under this chapter.

308 (b) The division shall promote transparency and information dissemination in the health care  
309 system, including pricing, purchasing, contracting, performance measurement and quality  
310 outcomes and accordingly shall:

311 (1) Collect from payers, providers, and ACOs data pertaining to health care costs, payments,  
312 competition among payers, providers and ACOs, and other matters relevant to its authority and  
313 duties under this section; provided that the division shall coordinate with other agencies of the  
314 commonwealth to obtain data already required to be reported by providers or payers to such  
315 agencies;

316 (2) Analyze such data to assess health care cost trends and the impact of the transition from  
317 fee-for-service payments to alternative payment methodologies; and

318 (3) Include its analysis in the annual report; but any data submitted pursuant to this  
319 subsection shall be classified as either (i) subject to release or publication or (ii) protected under  
320 a promise of confidentiality under subclause (g) of clause Twenty-sixth of section 7 of chapter 4.

321 (c) To support the transition to alternative payment methodologies, the division, in consultation  
322 with the coordinating council, shall:

323 (1) By March 31, 2012, document, categorize and publish all current payment arrangements  
324 in the commonwealth between payers and providers;

325 (2) Establish, facilitate and support transitional payment methodologies through pilot  
326 programs and other interim programs which have as their objective the modification of fee-for-  
327 service payment methods in a manner which creates incentives for higher quality care and more  
328 effective, efficient care delivery under alternative payment methods, including but not limited to  
329 the following:

330 a) Global payment with limits on the financial risk of ACOs, partial global payment and  
331 gainsharing with pay for performance; practice expense capitation with gainsharing, care  
332 management payments; bundled payments, episode-based payments, pay for performance; and  
333 shared savings;

334 b) Mechanisms to narrow the gap between payments to different providers for the same  
335 services;

336 c) Interim medical and social risk adjustment factors and measures;

337 d) Methodologies to account for the following costs: (i) medical education; (ii) stand-by  
338 services and emergency services, including but not limited to trauma units, burn units; (iii)  
339 services provided by disproportionate share hospitals or other providers serving underserved  
340 populations; (iv) research; (v) care coordination and community based services provided by  
341 allied health professionals; and (vi) the use and continued advancement of medical technology  
342 and pharmacology;

343 (3) Evaluate cost growth trends in any interim payment methodologies used during the  
344 transition to alternative payment methodologies, including pilot programs, for cost effectiveness  
345 and impact on quality of care and patient choice, and shall report and publish its findings to the  
346 coordinating council, the governor and the joint committee on health care financing annually,

347 regarding which methodologies, based on analysis and comparison over time, are most effective  
348 in promoting efficient and coordinated care.

349 (d) With the input of expert advice, and in consultation with the coordinating council, the  
350 division shall evaluate and take measures to address ERISA restrictions and recommend  
351 potential incentives for employers who participate in self-funded plans to participate in  
352 alternative payment methods;

353 (e) The division shall study and evaluate best practices for the provision of high quality, efficient  
354 care in other states and nations for potential adoption into the alternative payment methodologies  
355 prescribed or monitored under this chapter.

356 (f) The division shall submit a written report annually to the coordinating council on all of its  
357 findings from its monitoring obligations, evaluations performed, and regulations promulgated  
358 pursuant to its obligations and authority under this chapter; provided, that such report shall  
359 include annual updates to all information required to be published in section (c) (2) above;  
360 provided further, that such report shall also include a plan for achieving all milestones and  
361 benchmarks relating to the transition to alternative payment methodologies including  
362 adjustments for risk and other factors, and achievement of cost containment; and provided  
363 further, that the division may be required to submit additional or supplemental reports or  
364 analyses at the request of the coordinating council.

365 (g) The commissioner of the division or designee shall participate in all meetings of the  
366 coordinating council, and shall participate in making recommendations to other agencies  
367 represented on the coordinating council to promote the goals and purposes of this chapter. The

368 commissioner shall adopt or otherwise implement all recommendations made by the  
369 coordinating council to the division.

370 Health Services System and Payment Reform, including Coordinating Council

371 SECTION 13. Sections 16J to 16L, inclusive, of chapter 6A of the General Laws are hereby  
372 repealed.

373 SECTION 14. The General Laws are hereby amended by inserting after chapter 118H the  
374 following chapter:-

375 CHAPTER 118L.

376 HEALTH SERVICES SYSTEM AND PAYMENT REFORM.

377 Section 1. As used in this chapter, the following words shall, unless the context clearly requires  
378 otherwise, have the following meanings:

379 “Accountable care organization” or “ACO”, an entity comprised of provider groups which  
380 operates as a single integrated organization that accepts at least shared responsibility for the cost  
381 and primary responsibility for the quality of care delivered to a specific population of patients  
382 cared for by the groups’ clinicians; which operates consistent with principles of a patient  
383 centered medical home and satisfies the other requirements of this chapter; which has a formal  
384 legal structure to receive and distribute savings; and which complies with any federal  
385 requirements applicable to ACOs, however named, which have been or may be enacted or  
386 adopted in law or regulation.

387 “ACO network provider”, a provider that by contract or corporate structure participates in a  
388 specific ACO. Certain providers that are not primary care providers may be ACO network  
389 providers in more than one ACO, as set forth in regulation by the division.

390 “ACO patient”, an individual who receives integrated health care services through an ACO, and  
391 for whom such services are paid by a payer to the ACO pursuant to the alternative payments set  
392 forth in this chapter.

393 “Alternative payment contract”, an agreement between a payer and an ACO or other provider in  
394 which reimbursement available under the agreement is pursuant to an alternative payment  
395 methodology, as defined in this chapter, for services provided by an ACO or other provider. The  
396 contract shall include at least some performance based quality measures with associated financial  
397 rewards or penalties, or both.

398 “Alternative payment methodologies or methods”, methods of payment that are not fee-for-  
399 service based and compensate ACOs and other providers for the provision of health care  
400 services, including but not limited to shared savings arrangements, bundled payments, episode-  
401 based payments, and global payments, as defined in regulations adopted by the division of health  
402 care finance and policy. No payment based on the fee-for-service methodology shall be  
403 considered an alternative payment.

404 “Coordinating council”, the health services system and payment reform coordinating council  
405 established by section 2.

406 “Division”, the division of health care finance and policy.

407 “Fee-for-service”, a payment mechanism in which all reimbursable health care activity is  
408 described and categorized into discreet and separate units of service and each provider is  
409 separately reimbursed for each discrete service rendered to a patient.

410 “Health benefit plan”, as defined in section 1 of chapter 176G.

411 “Integrated health care services”, health care services relating to the treatment of certain  
412 conditions, including but not limited to all conditions required to be covered under regulations of  
413 the commonwealth health insurance connector authority defining the core services and a broad  
414 range of medical benefits required for minimum creditable coverage and as adopted through  
415 regulation by the division in accordance with this chapter.

416 “Office of patient protection”, the office within the department of public health established by  
417 section 217 of chapter 111.

418 “Patient centered medical home”, any primary care practice which is organized in accordance  
419 with standards of the National Committee for Quality Assurance or as otherwise may be defined  
420 by regulation by the division, and which incorporates the principles set forth in the  
421 commonwealth’s patient centered medical home initiative.

422 “Payer”, any entity, other than an individual, that pays providers or ACOs for the provision of  
423 health care services. The term “payer” shall include both governmental and commercial entities,  
424 but excludes ERISA plans.

425 “Performance incentive payment” or “pay-for-performance”, an amount paid to an ACO by a  
426 payer for achieving certain quality measures as defined in this chapter. Performance incentive

427 payments shall comply with this chapter, regulations of the division of health care finance and  
428 policy, and the contract between an ACO and a payer.

429 “Performance penalty”, an amount paid by an ACO to a payer or a reduction in the payments  
430 made by a payer to an ACO for failing to achieve certain quality measures as herein defined.

431 Performance penalty provisions and their implementation shall comply with this chapter, any  
432 regulations of the division of health care finance and policy, and the contract between an ACO  
433 and a payer.

434 “Physician”, a medical doctor licensed to practice medicine in the commonwealth.

435 “Provider” or “health care provider”, a provider of medical or health services and any other  
436 person or organization, including an ACO, that furnishes, bills, or is paid for health care service  
437 delivery in the normal course of business.

438 “Purchaser”, a private employer, individual, or government entity that buys health care  
439 services or insurance products on behalf of itself, its employees, or individuals enrolled in its  
440 programs.

441 “Quality measures”, objective benchmarks established in accordance with nationally accepted  
442 performance metrics and as otherwise permitted under this chapter for assessing provider  
443 performance which may be the subject of a performance incentive payment or performance  
444 penalty, and which shall include the following: patient experience satisfaction and engagement  
445 measures, and health outcome measures and process compliance measures, and others as may be  
446 further detailed in regulations of the division.

447

448 Section 2. (a) There shall be an agency known as the health services system and payment reform  
449 coordinating council within, but not subject to the control of, the executive office of health and  
450 human services. The coordinating council shall establish a plan of action, a timeline,  
451 benchmarks, and standards to ensure and facilitate (i) the establishment of ACOs throughout the  
452 commonwealth by June 2015, (ii) the transition to utilization of alternative payment methods by  
453 all payers by June 2015, and (iii) the protection of quality, access and patient choice of primary  
454 care provider and accountable care organization for the residents of the commonwealth. The  
455 coordinating council shall coordinate and make recommendations to agencies and entities  
456 represented on the council relating to pricing and reimbursement methods and quality measures  
457 to be utilized in contracts with payers of accountable care organizations, minimum criteria and  
458 other parameters for the formation of accountable care organizations and market parameters  
459 relevant to the development of fair, effective, efficient and sustainable global payment or other  
460 alternative payment methodologies in the purchase of health care services, including, at a  
461 minimum, integrated health care services for patients in the commonwealth by the target dates  
462 set by the coordinating council under the provisions of this chapter, and any other measures  
463 necessary to ensure that the growth rate of total medical expenditures in the commonwealth is  
464 reasonable and not excessive. The coordinating council shall be a public body for purposes of  
465 sections 18 to 25, inclusive, of chapter 30A.

466 (b) The coordinating council shall consist of the secretary of health and human services, the  
467 commissioner of mental health, the director of Medicaid, the commissioner of public health, the  
468 commissioner of health care finance and policy, the commissioner of insurance, the executive  
469 director of the commonwealth health insurance connector authority, the secretary of  
470 administration and finance or designee, the secretary of housing and economic development or



471 designee, and the director of the Massachusetts health institute. The secretary of health and  
472 human services shall chair the coordinating council.

473 (c) The coordinating council shall consult regularly with an advisory committee, to be known as  
474 the health care innovation advisory committee, which shall consist of 18 members, 1 of whom  
475 shall be the attorney general or designee, 1 of whom shall be the inspector general or designee, 2  
476 of whom shall be representatives of the acute care hospitals in the commonwealth appointed by  
477 the Massachusetts Hospital Association, 1 of whom shall be a representative of the  
478 Massachusetts Association of Health Plans, 1 of whom shall be a representative of Blue Cross  
479 Blue Shield of Massachusetts; and 10 other members appointed by the governor with expertise  
480 and knowledge of health care systems and payments, 2 of whom shall be physicians certified in  
481 a specialty, 2 of whom shall be primary care physicians, 1 of whom shall be an advanced  
482 practice nurse with expertise in the patient centered medical home model of health care delivery,  
483 1 of whom shall be a representative of behavioral health providers, 1 of whom shall be a  
484 representative of consumer health advocacy organizations, 1 of whom shall be a representative of  
485 a large, self-insured employer, 1 of whom shall be a representative of small employers, 1 of  
486 whom shall be a representative of organized labor representing health workers, 1 of whom shall  
487 be a representative of organized labor representing other workers, and 1 of whom shall be an  
488 expert in health policy.

489 (d) No member of the coordinating council shall be employed by, a consultant to, a member of  
490 the board of directors of, affiliated with, a representative of or have any fiduciary duty to a trade  
491 association of, an agent or broker of, or have an ownership interest, or financial interest in or  
492 fiduciary duty to, a carrier or other insurer, a health care provider, a health care facility or health  
493 clinic while serving on the coordinating council.

494 Section 3. (a) The division shall staff and support the coordinating council. The division shall  
495 facilitate the establishment of ACOs and ensure consistency and efficacy in the establishment  
496 and use of quality measures throughout the commonwealth to promote patient-centered, timely,  
497 safe care for individuals in the commonwealth. The division shall establish a plan of action, a  
498 timeline, benchmarks, and standards to ensure and facilitate (i) the establishment of accountable  
499 care organizations throughout the commonwealth by June 2015, and (ii) the protection of quality,  
500 access and patient choice of primary care provider and accountable care organization for the  
501 residents of the commonwealth. The division shall establish by regulation minimum criteria for  
502 the formation of accountable care organizations and parameters for quality measurements to be  
503 used in the evaluation of the performance of accountable care organizations.

504 (b) No staff member, employee, or other agent of the division shall be employed by, a consultant  
505 to, a member of the board of directors of, affiliated with, a representative of or have any  
506 fiduciary duty to a trade association of, an agent or broker of, or have an ownership interest, or  
507 financial interest in or fiduciary duty to, a carrier or other insurer, a health care provider, a health  
508 care facility or health clinic while employed by or otherwise providing services to the division.

509 Section 4. The coordinating council shall:

510 (a) monitor and assure inter-agency consistency and appropriate consumer protections with the  
511 implementation of health care payment and delivery reform by state and private entities in the  
512 commonwealth by coordinating actions among state agencies and ensuring, where appropriate,  
513 coordination with federal agencies and ensuring that regulations and other forms of official  
514 guidance are issued by the appropriate agencies concerning: (i) the establishment of ACOs  
515 throughout the commonwealth and (ii) the transition to alternative payment methodologies for

516 integrated and non-integrated delivery of health care services to be used as an alternative to fee-  
517 for-service payments.

518 (b) monitor and report on the health care expenditures across the commonwealth and recommend  
519 actions appropriate and necessary to agencies and entities represented on the coordinating  
520 council to contain the growth in health care costs incurred by all sectors of the health care  
521 economy, including the costs of payers, purchasers, plans, insurers, government and individuals.

522 (c) review and evaluate reports related to health services system and payment reform from the  
523 division of insurance, the division of health care finance and policy, the office for health care  
524 innovation, and the executive office of health and human services, and to publish these reports  
525 when final;

526 (d) ensure that all data collection, analysis, and other submission requirements established under  
527 this chapter are implemented in a manner which promotes administrative simplification, avoids  
528 duplication, and does not impose an undue burden on any entity or individual;

529 (e) make recommendations to agencies and entities represented on the coordinating council  
530 regarding all aspects of the transition to alternative payment methodologies, ACO models of  
531 care, and controlling the cost of health care expenditures in the commonwealth; and

532 (f) prepare and submit reports to executive and legislative bodies identified in section [7] of this  
533 chapter relating to the achievement of benchmarks and other developments, evaluations,  
534 regulations and measures taken by the agencies and entities represented on the coordinating  
535 council in the transition to alternative payment methodologies, ACO models of care, and cost  
536 containment.

537 Section 5. The division shall:

538 (a) monitor and facilitate the reform of the health care delivery system by state and private  
539 entities in the commonwealth.

540 (b) adopt regulations and issue administrative bulletins and various other forms of official  
541 guidance concerning:

542 (1) the establishment of ACOs throughout the commonwealth and

543 (2) the establishment of standardized measures of quality to be used in the evaluation of the  
544 performance of ACOs.

545 (c) allow independent physician associations, physician-hospital organizations, and various  
546 forms of integrated health care organizations and entities to qualify as an ACO if they meet the  
547 criteria as set forth in this chapter and as established by the division under this section. The  
548 division shall encourage and assist providers with voluntary adoption of the ACO model of  
549 health care service delivery as much as practicable relative to funding and resources available to  
550 the division under this chapter.

551 (d) facilitate the establishment of ACOs throughout the commonwealth, provide by regulation  
552 for the certification or licensing of ACOs that meet the requirements of this chapter, and by June  
553 1, 2012 establish by regulation minimum requirements for the formation of ACOs consistent  
554 with the following parameters and requirements:

555 (1) ACOs shall accept and share among their ACO network providers responsibility for the  
556 delivery, management, quality, and cost of the provision of at least all integrated health care

557 services, as such terms are defined in section 3 of this chapter, to ACO patients, or other set of  
558 services as may be authorized and adopted by the division under this chapter;

559 (2) ACOs may be compensated through an alternative payment method for each ACO patient  
560 receiving services through the ACO, in accordance with this chapter and any regulations adopted  
561 under it by the division;

562 (3) ACOs must, at a minimum, have or obtain through contractual arrangement the following  
563 functional capacities:

564 a) Clinical service coordination, management, and delivery functions, including the ability  
565 to provide integrated health care services through its ACO provider network in accordance with  
566 the principles of a patient centered medical home; provided further, that ACOs shall be required  
567 to provide primary care coordination and referral services internally and not solely through  
568 contracts;

569 b) Population management functions, including health information technology and data  
570 analysis tools to provide at least: (i) patient-specific encounter data; and (ii) management reports  
571 on aggregate data;

572 c) Financial management capabilities, including but not limited to the management of  
573 claims processing and payment functions for ACO network providers;

574 d) Contract management capabilities, including but not limited to network provider creation  
575 and management functions;

576 e) Quality measurement competence, including but not limited to the ability to measure and  
577 report performance relative to established measures of quality and performance under  
578 standardized quality measures;

579 f) Patient and provider communications functions; and

580 g) The ability to provide behavioral health services either internally within the ACO or by  
581 contractual arrangement.

582 (4) ACOs organizational structures must include consumer representations and ensure the ACO  
583 decision-making reflects the views of physicians, nurses, and other providers.

584 (e) Monitor the formation of ACOs in the commonwealth, and, in consultation with the  
585 coordinating council and the health care innovation advisory committee, establish any  
586 benchmarks deemed necessary or appropriate to facilitate the transition of health care providers  
587 and facilities into integrated care delivery systems;

588 (f) Establish safeguards against underutilization of services and protections against inappropriate  
589 denials of services or treatment in connection with utilization of any alternative payment method  
590 or transition to a global payment system;

591 (g) Establish safeguards against and penalties for inappropriate selection of low cost patients and  
592 avoidance of high cost patients by ACOs and ACO network providers, including but not limited  
593 to requiring that ACOs accept as ACO patients all individuals regardless of payer source or  
594 clinical profile;

595 (h) Adopt regulations requiring that primary care clinicians shall participate in only 1 ACO,  
596 except as otherwise specifically permitted by the division;

597 (i) Establish parameters to measure and ensure access by disabled and other individuals with  
598 chronic or complex medical conditions to appropriate specialty care;

599 (j) Establish reporting and disclosure requirements for ACOs and ACO network providers,  
600 including requirements for the disclosure by ACOs relative to performance on quality measures  
601 and other performance measures, and medical necessity and other criteria used in any alternative  
602 payment contract or agreement;

603 (k) Consistent with the regulations adopted under section 54 of chapter 288 of the acts of 2010,  
604 identify by regulation appropriate quality measures and parameters for quality measures, in  
605 consultation with the division of health care finance and policy and the department of public  
606 health, in accordance with the following: quality measures shall be designed so that they can be  
607 standard and uniform across all payers using alternative payment methodologies, and shall  
608 include only evidence-based standards, standards adopted and utilized by the Centers for  
609 Medicare and Medicaid Services or standards generally accepted by one or more nationally-  
610 recognized quality metrics and standard setting organizations;

611

612 (l) In consultation with the department of public health, and the division of insurance, and  
613 consistent with quality measurements and standards established by nationally recognized  
614 professional organizations, establish parameters for clinical outcomes beyond the control of the  
615 clinician for which ACOs and ACO network providers shall not be financially responsible;

616

617 (m) Monitor ACO delivery systems paid under alternative payment methods to ensure that ACOs  
618 possess either internally or through contract arrangements the competencies necessary to operate  
619 as an effective ACO as determined by experts in the field and professional physician  
620 organizations, including but not limited to implementing a system of operational accountability  
621 to drive improved performance;

622 (n) Evaluate and provide guidance through regulations relative to consumer protections and any  
623 deficiencies of patient choice of provider that may arise in the transition from a fee-for-service  
624 system. The division shall monitor the movement of patients from and between ACOs, and shall  
625 establish parameters for out- of- ACO arrangements, as well as for patient provider choice and  
626 other consumer protections;

627 (o) Establish by regulation requirements for ACOs to address consumer grievances. Any  
628 individual or authorized representative of an individual who is aggrieved by restrictions on  
629 patient choice, or quality of care resulting from any final ACO action may request an external  
630 review by filing a request in writing with the office of patient protection of the department of  
631 public health within 45 days of the individual's receipt of written notice of the final adverse  
632 determination or receipt of care that fails to meet standard of care in that area or otherwise raises  
633 quality of care issues;

634 (p) Monitor and evaluate provider complaints, and may establish by regulations requirements for  
635 ACOs to address provider grievances;

636

637 (q) Monitor compliance by ACOs, providers, and payers with requirements established pursuant  
638 to this chapter and any implementing regulations promulgated by the division; barriers to entry



639 by providers; excess consolidation of ACOs or other integrated services provider groups; and the  
640 trends in patient choice among providers and ACOs;

641

642 (r) Promote transparency and information dissemination in health care system, including pricing,  
643 purchasing, contracting, performance measurement and quality outcomes and accordingly shall:

644 (1) collect from payers, providers, and ACOs data pertaining to quality and other matters  
645 relevant to its authority and duties under this section; provided that the division shall coordinate  
646 with other agencies of the commonwealth to obtain data already required to be reported by  
647 providers or payers to such agencies;

648 (2) analyze such data to assess trends in performance, the impact of the transition ACO delivery  
649 systems, including changes in the workforce, trends in primary care physician capacity, and  
650 changes in health care provider practice operations, and including progress toward shared  
651 responsibility for the needed infrastructure, legal, and technical support for providers;

652 (3) include its analysis in its annual report; but any data submitted pursuant to this subsection  
653 shall be classified as either (i) subject to release or publication or (ii) protected under a promise  
654 of confidentiality under of subclause (g) of clause Twenty-sixth of section 7 of chapter 4;

655 (4) monitor provider and ACO acquisition and implementation of health information technology,  
656 and monitor compliance with standards established by the commonwealth's health information  
657 technology council; and

658 (5) establish by regulation parameters and rules to require obtaining patient consent for sharing  
659 information regarding patient care across all providers within a patient centered medical home  
660 and ACO.

661 (s) Consistent with the regulations adopted under section 54 of chapter 288 of the acts of 2010,  
662 advance the study and understanding of quality measures, by:

663 (1) Evaluating current standards and measurement of current best clinical practices;

664 (2) Establishing new quality measures that advance the level of clinical practice, patient  
665 satisfaction, and patient health outcomes, with particular emphasis on outcomes-based quality  
666 measures;

667 (t) In developing new knowledge and standards in the areas described in this section, study and  
668 evaluate the best practices for the provision of high quality, efficient care in other states and  
669 nations for potential adoption into the quality measures proscribed or monitored under this  
670 chapter;

671 (u) Provide guidance to ACOs and providers seeking to form an ACO, upon request or on its  
672 own initiative, on the potential implications of 42 U.S.C. section 1320a -7b and implementing  
673 regulations, and 42 U.S.C. section 1395nn(a) to (e) and implementing regulations in connection  
674 with such arrangements;

675 (v) Submit an annual written report to the coordinating council and the health care innovation  
676 advisory committee on all findings from its monitoring obligations, evaluations performed, and  
677 regulations adopted pursuant to its obligations and authority under this chapter. This report shall  
678 include a plan for achieving all milestones and benchmarks relating to the transition to the ACO

679 model of care and establishment of standardized quality measures; and provided further, that the  
680 division may be required to submit additional or supplemental reports or analyses at the request  
681 of the coordinating council.

682 This section shall be construed in a manner consistent with any applicable federal laws or  
683 regulations governing ACOs, except as otherwise explicitly provided in this chapter or in the  
684 regulations adopted under it.

685 Section 6. (a) Self-funded plans may implement alternative payment methods in accordance with  
686 this chapter at their discretion and in accordance with all laws.

687 (b) To ensure participation by publicly funded health programs, the office of Medicaid, the group  
688 insurance commission, the commonwealth health insurance connector authority, and any other  
689 state funded insurance program shall, to the maximum extent feasible, implement alternative  
690 payment methodologies and use integrated care organizations and ACOs for the delivery of  
691 publicly funded health services, commencing no later than January 1, 2014.

692 Section 7. (a) The coordinating council shall prepare and submit annually a report setting forth  
693 all findings, evaluations, and regulations issued by each agency represented on the coordinating  
694 council and the plan and any recommendations made by the coordinating council to agencies  
695 represented on the coordinating council pertaining to the transition to alternative payment  
696 methodologies and ACO formation to the governor, president of the senate, the speaker of the  
697 house of representatives, the chairs of the joint committee on health care financing, and the  
698 chairs of the house and senate committees on ways and means. The council shall post the report  
699 on the public website of the executive office of health and human services.

700 (b) The annual reports to be filed pursuant to subsection (a) shall set forth specific benchmarks  
701 for the reduction of health care costs and the improvement of health care quality in the  
702 commonwealth, which shall include reduction in health care costs; and which shall include at  
703 least information and data regarding the following: the number and proportion of providers  
704 practicing without affiliation with or participation in an ACO; the proportion of health care  
705 expenditures paid using a fee-for-service form of payment; the proportion of health care  
706 expenditures paid using global payment methodology; the proportion of health care expenditures  
707 paid using alternative payment methods; and the proportion of patients receiving care outside of  
708 an ACO; and the type of services and expenditures made through methods other than alternative  
709 payment methodologies; the type of services and expenditures made through alternative payment  
710 methodologies to providers that are not affiliated with an ACO; the proportion of health care  
711 expenditures paid pursuant to alternative payment methodologies to providers that are not  
712 affiliated with an ACO; the status of market competition for providers and ACOs; the barriers to  
713 entry, if any, for an ACO; the status of patient choice of provider and ACO; the cost growth  
714 trends for alternative payment method rates, in aggregate and for individual ACOs; the cost  
715 growth trends for fee-for-services expenditures in the commonwealth; ACO performance ratings;  
716 ACO quality ratings and trends and quality ratings and trends among providers not practicing as  
717 an affiliate or participant in an ACO.

718 (c) The coordinating council shall also submit bi-annual reports to the anti-trust and public  
719 protection divisions of the office of the attorney general, to provide the information and data, as  
720 determined necessary by the attorney general, to perform its oversight, monitoring, compliance  
721 and enforcement duties under section 11M of chapter 12.

722 Section 8. Interest on a legal judgment against an ACO shall be assessed at the federal funds rate  
723 in effect at the time the judgment is entered.

724 Powers of Division of Insurance

725 SECTION 15. Subsection (b) of section 6 of chapter 176J of the General Laws, as appearing in  
726 section 29 of chapter 288 of the acts of 2011, is hereby amended by adding the following  
727 paragraph:-

728 In addition to the projected administrative expenses and financial information, a carrier shall file  
729 information to demonstrate that the recent and projected reimbursement to health care providers  
730 is consistent with section 5A of chapter 176O.

731 SECTION 16. Subsection (d) of said section 6 of said chapter 176J, as so appearing, is hereby  
732 amended by adding the following paragraph:-

733 For base rate changes filed under this section, if a carrier files a base rate change that is based on  
734 health care provider rates of reimbursement that are not consistent with the requirements of  
735 section 5A of chapter 176O, that carrier's rate, in addition to being subject to all other provisions  
736 of this chapter, shall be presumptively disapproved as excessive by the commissioner as set forth  
737 in this subsection.

738 SECTION 17. Chapter 176O of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section 5  
739 the following 4 sections:-

740 Section 5A.

741 (a) No carrier shall enter, renew or extend a contract or agreement with any health care provider  
742 unless the rate of reimbursement in the new, renewed or extended contract increases by an

743 amount less than or equal to an amount established by the commissioner, in consultation with the  
744 commissioner of health care finance and policy. Not later than July 1 of each year, the  
745 commissioner shall by regulation establish this amount, which shall apply to contracts entered  
746 into, renewed or extended on or after the following October 1. The commissioner may establish  
747 different amounts for differing categories of contracts or providers, based on the factors in  
748 subsection (b).

749 (b) In establishing the amount provided in subsection (a), the commissioner shall consider the  
750 following factors:

751 (1) the rate of increase in the gross domestic product or consumer price index for the  
752 commonwealth;

753 (2) the rate of increase in total medical expenses, as reported by the division of health care  
754 finance and policy under section 6 of chapter 118G;

755 (3) a provider's rate of reimbursement with a carrier, especially in relation to the carrier's  
756 statewide average relative price, as reported by the division of health care finance and policy  
757 under section 6 of chapter 118G, including variability in rates where providers are above, at, or  
758 below the statewide average;

759 (4) whether the carrier and a contracting provider or accountable care organization are  
760 transitioning from a fee-for-service contract to an alternative payment contract; and

761 (5) other factors, consistent with the purposes of this section, that the commissioner may  
762 prescribe by regulation.

763 (c) Any savings realized by the carrier from any reduction or mitigation in the growth of provider  
764 prices shall be incorporated in the premiums charged to insured health plan members.

765 Section 5B. No carrier shall enter or renew a contract or agreement on or after January 1, 2012  
766 with any hospital or inpatient facility with contract provisions that require the carrier to contract  
767 with other health care facilities that may be affiliated with that hospital or inpatient facility.

768 Section 5C. Beginning on January 1, 2014, carriers shall reduce claims payments to contracting  
769 health care providers who do not file claims electronically. The amount of the reduction shall be  
770 equal to the cost of processing paper claim documents above the cost of processing claims  
771 electronically and shall be prominently displayed on the method of reimbursement to the health  
772 care provider. The carrier shall submit a report annually by March 1 in a format to be  
773 determined by the commissioner pursuant to regulation that demonstrates the calculation of the  
774 administrative claims payment reduction and itemizes the number of providers affected by the  
775 reduction and amount of reduction in the prior calendar year.

776 Section 5D. As used in this section, terms shall have the meanings assigned by section 1 of  
777 chapter 118I. To facilitate the transition to the assumption of risk by ACOs, the standardization  
778 across providers and payers of risk and other adjusters, and to ensure transparency of payer  
779 information and protection of consumers, the division shall:

780 (a) Monitor risk arrangements between payers and ACOs in the commonwealth and, in  
781 consultation with the coordinating council and the division of health care finance and policy,  
782 establish any benchmarks necessary or appropriate to facilitate the transition of health care  
783 providers into integrated care delivery systems that accept risk.

784 (b) Solicit the expert advice of actuaries and other risk adjustment professionals and, in  
785 consultation with the coordinating council, develop methodologies for risk adjustments, risk  
786 corridors, outliers, and reinsurance to protect ACOs from assuming excess risk and the  
787 development of any such risk adjustment methodology shall include, but not be limited to, the  
788 factors set forth in subsection (j).

789 (c) Require by regulation that all payers maintain for all members a current roster of providers  
790 and ACOs available under the member's health benefit plan, and submit such rosters to the  
791 division. All payers shall maintain their own websites and shall post such rosters on their  
792 websites and update them at least monthly.

793 (d) Establish a nonprofit entity to be known as the Massachusetts ACO Reinsurance Plan, in this  
794 subsection called the plan, as follows:

795 (1) All ACOs shall be members of the plan. The plan shall be prepared and administered by a  
796 governing committee, appointed by the commissioner, consisting of 7 members representing  
797 ACOs participating in the plan. The governing committee shall hire employees or contractors to  
798 administer the plan.

799 (2) The governing committee shall submit to the commissioner a plan of operation and the  
800 commissioner shall, after notice and hearing, approve or disapprove the plan of operation, as  
801 well as the levels of reinsurance offered and levels of premiums charged to ACO members for  
802 reinsurance. Subsequent amendments to the plan shall be considered approved by the  
803 commissioner if not expressly disapproved in writing by the commissioner within 30 days from  
804 the date of filing.



805 (3) The plan shall not reimburse an ACO with respect to the claims of a reinsured patient  
806 covered under the ACO's contract in any calendar year until the ACO has paid benefits in a  
807 calendar year for services otherwise covered by its contract.

808 (4) Meetings of the governing committee of the plan shall be conducted in accordance with the  
809 provisions of sections 18 to 25, inclusive, of chapter 30A.

810 (5) Following the close of each fiscal year, the governing committee shall determine for the next  
811 fiscal year, the premiums to be charged for reinsurance coverage, the reinsurance plan expenses  
812 for administration, and the incurred losses, if any, for the prior year, taking into account  
813 investment income and other appropriate gains and losses, subject to the approval of the  
814 commissioner.

815 (6) Any net loss for the year shall be recouped by assessment of members. This assessment shall  
816 be determined in proportion to the members' respective share of total reimbursement from ACO  
817 contracts received in the prior year. The assessment charged any ACO shall not exceed 5  
818 percent of total reimbursement from ACO contracts received in the prior year. If the assessment  
819 level is inadequate, the governing committee may adjust the reinsurance thresholds, retention  
820 levels or consider other forms of reinsurance. (7) The governing committee shall report annually  
821 to the commissioner and the joint committee on financial services about its financial experience,  
822 the effect of reinsurance on the number of patients ceded and recommendations, if any, on  
823 additional funding sources, if needed.

824 (8) If other funding sources are not made available, the committee may enter into negotiations  
825 with plan members to resolve any deficit through reductions in future payment levels. Any such  
826 recommendations shall take into account the findings of an actuarial study to be undertaken

827 within the first 3 years of the plan's operation to evaluate and measure the relative risks being  
828 assumed by ACOs. The study shall be conducted by three actuaries appointed by the  
829 commissioner, two of whom shall represent reinsuring ACOs and one of whom shall represent  
830 the commissioner.

831 (e) Commencing January 1, 2014, in consultation with the coordinating council and the division  
832 of health care finance and policy, if the division determines that risk and other adjustments are  
833 not adequately standardized and consistent across all payers in the commonwealth and that such  
834 standardization and consistency are necessary for containing costs and improving the quality of  
835 and maintaining access to care, establish by regulation appropriate standard risk adjusters which  
836 shall be utilized by all payers in the calculation of rates of payment resulting from the  
837 implementation of alternative payment methods. These standard risk adjusters shall include, but  
838 not be limited to, accommodation of the following factors:

- 839 1. Cost experience and efficiencies;
- 840 2. Acuity of patient case mix;
- 841 3. Clinical health status and probability of illness;
- 842 4. Socioeconomic case mix;
- 843 5. Geographic location;
- 844 6. Cultural and linguistic diversity in patient mix; and
- 845 7. Volume of underserved low-income patients.

846 (f) Adopt measures to ensure that its activities with respect to regulation of risk and other  
847 adjustment factors do not undermine or otherwise impede the ability of consumers to have access  
848 to an appropriate forum for the resolution of any grievances relating to care received through an  
849 ACO. This section does not authorize the division to regulate the Medicaid program, but the  
850 Medicaid program shall implement the division's regulatory standards to the extent consistent  
851 with federal law.

852 (g) Have authority to adopt regulations to establish financial oversight provisions, including for  
853 reserves and other financial solvency-related requirements, that shall apply to ACOs and other  
854 health care providers that take on risk pursuant to an alternative payment contract.

855 (h) Submit a written report annually to the coordinating council on all risk and methodological  
856 evaluations performed, all findings from such evaluations, and regulations promulgated pursuant  
857 to its obligations and authority under this chapter; provided, that such report shall include a plan  
858 for achieving and implementing standardized risk and other adjustments with payers and  
859 purchasers in the commonwealth. The coordinating council may require the division to submit  
860 additional or supplemental reports or analyses.

861 (i) Participate in all meetings of the coordinating council, and participate in making  
862 recommendations to other agencies represented on the coordinating council to promote the goals  
863 and purposes of this section.

864 (j) Adopt or otherwise implement all recommendations made by the coordinating council to the  
865 division.

866 SECTION 18. The division of insurance, in consultation with the division of health care finance  
867 and policy, shall conduct a study of the effects of section 5A of chapter 176O of the General

868 Laws. The study shall include, but not be limited to, an examination of the impact on carrier  
869 provider networks, network adequacy, rates paid to non-participating providers, and the overall  
870 impact on carrier member premiums. The division shall file a report, with its findings and any  
871 recommendations for legislation, with the coordinating council established by chapter 118I of the  
872 General Laws and with the clerks of the senate and house of representatives not later than  
873 January 1, 2014.

#### 874 Clinician-Patient Communication and Grievance Resolution

875 SECTION 19. Chapter 231 of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section  
876 60K the following section:-

877 Section 60L. (a). Except as provided in this section, a person shall not commence an action  
878 against a provider of health care as defined in the seventh paragraph of section 60B unless the  
879 person has given the health care provider written notice under this section of not less than 180  
880 days before the action is commenced.

881 (b) The notice of intent to file a claim required under subsection (a) shall be mailed to the last  
882 known professional business address or residential address of the health care provider who is the  
883 subject of the claim.

884 (c) The 180 day notice period in subsection (a) is shortened to 90 days if all of the following  
885 conditions exist:

886 (1) The claimant has previously filed the 180-day notice required in subsection (a) against  
887 another health care provider involved in the claim.

888 (2) The 180-day notice period has expired as to the health care providers described in clause  
889 (1).

890 (3) The claimant has filed a complaint and commenced an action alleging medical malpractice  
891 against one or more of the health care providers described in clause (1).

892 (4) The claimant did not identify and could not have reasonably have identified a health care  
893 provider to which notice must be sent under subsection (a) as a potential party to the action  
894 before filing the complaint.

895 (d) The notice given to a health care provider under this section shall contain a statement of at  
896 least all of the following:

897 (1) The factual basis for the claim.

898 (2) The applicable standard of care alleged by the claimant.

899 (3) The manner in which it is claimed that the applicable standard of care was breached by the  
900 health care provider.

901 (4) The alleged action that should have been taken to achieve compliance with the alleged  
902 standard of care.

903 (5) The manner in which it is alleged the breach of the standard of care was the proximate cause  
904 of the injury claimed in the notice.

905 (6) The names of all health care providers the claimant is notifying under this section in relation  
906 to the claim.

907 (e) Not later than 30 days after giving notice under this section, the claimant shall allow the  
908 health care provider receiving the notice access to all of the medical records related to the claim  
909 that are in the claimant's control, and shall furnish release for any medical records related to the  
910 claim that are not in the claimant's control, but of which the claimant has knowledge. This  
911 subsection does not restrict a health care provider receiving notice under this section from  
912 communicating with other health care providers and acquiring medical records as permitted  
913 under any other provision of law. This subsection does not restrict a patient's right of access to  
914 the patient's medical records under any other law.

915 (f) Within 90 days after receipt of notice under this section, the health care provider against  
916 whom the claim is made shall furnish to the claimant or his or her authorized representative a  
917 written response that contains a statement of each of the following:

918 (1) The factual basis for the defense to the claim.

919 (2) The standard of care that the health care provider claims to be applicable to the action and  
920 that the health care provider complied with that standard.

921 (3) The manner in which it is claimed by the health care provider that there was compliance with  
922 the applicable standard of care.

923 (4) The manner in which the health care provider contends that the alleged negligence of the  
924 health care provider was not the proximate cause of the claimant's alleged injury or alleged  
925 damage.

926 (g) Within 90 days after receipt of notice under this section, the health care provider against  
927 whom the claim is made shall furnish the claimant all medical records and other documents  
928 related to the claim that are in the provider's control.

929 (h) If the claimant does not receive the written response required under subsection (f) within the  
930 required 90-day time period, the claimant may commence an action alleging medical malpractice  
931 upon the expiration of the 90-day period.

932 (i) If at any time during the applicable notice period under this section a health care provider  
933 receiving notice under this section informs the claimant in writing that the health care provider  
934 does not intend to settle the claims within the applicable notice period, the claimant may  
935 commence an action alleging medical malpractice against the health care provider.

936 (j) If the claimant does not have knowledge or notice of his injury and could not reasonably have  
937 determined the existence of injury until a time in which compliance with this section would  
938 render a claim based on such injury barred by the statute of limitations, then the statute of  
939 limitations shall be tolled for a sufficient amount of time to allow for compliance with this  
940 section before commencing an action against a health care provider.

941 Treatment of Provider Apology in Litigation

942 SECTION 20. Chapter 233 of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section  
943 79K the following section:-

944 Section 79L. (a) As used in this section, the following terms shall have the following meaning:

945 "Health care provider", any of the following health care professionals licensed pursuant to  
946 chapter 112: a physician, podiatrist, physical therapist, occupational therapist, dentist,

947 optometrist, nurse, nurse practitioner, chiropractor, psychologist, independent clinical social  
948 worker, speech-language pathologist, audiologist, marriage and family therapist and a mental  
949 health counselor. The term shall also include any corporation, professional corporation,  
950 partnership, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, authority, or other entity  
951 comprised of such health care providers.

952 “Facility”, a hospital, clinic or nursing home licensed pursuant to chapter 111 or a home health  
953 agency. The term shall also include any corporation, professional corporation, partnership,  
954 limited liability company, limited liability partnership, authority, or other entity comprised of  
955 such facilities.

956 “Unanticipated outcome” means the outcome of a medical treatment or procedure, whether or  
957 not resulting from an intentional act, that differs from an intended result of such medical  
958 treatment or procedure.

959 (b) In any claim, complaint or civil action brought by or on behalf of a patient allegedly  
960 experiencing an unanticipated outcome of medical care, statements, affirmations, gestures,  
961 activities or conduct expressing benevolence, regret, apology, sympathy, commiseration,  
962 condolence, compassion, mistake, error, or a general sense of concern which are made by a  
963 health care provider, facility or an employee or agent of a health care provider or facility, to the  
964 patient, a relative of the patient, or a representative of the patient and which relate to the  
965 unanticipated outcome shall be inadmissible as evidence in any judicial or administrative  
966 proceeding and shall not constitute an admission of liability or an admission against interest.

967 Duties of the Executive Office of Health and Human Services



968 SECTION 21. As used in this section, terms shall have the meanings assigned by section 1 of  
969 chapter 118I of the General Laws. To promote the adoption of alternative payment  
970 methodologies and contracting with ACOs by both private and public purchasers of health care,  
971 the executive office of health and human services shall:

972 (a) Seek to obtain a federal waiver of statutory provisions necessary to permit Medicare to  
973 participate in the commonwealth's alternative payment methods. Upon obtaining federal  
974 approval for Medicare participation, such participation shall be commenced and continued and  
975 the executive office shall seek extensions or additional approvals, as necessary.

976 (b) By August 15, 2011, request and seek to obtain from the federal office of the inspector  
977 general by the following:

978 1) a waiver of the provisions of, or expansion of the "safe harbors" to, 42 U.S.C. section  
979 1320a-7b and implementing regulations or any other necessary authorization the coordinating  
980 council determines may be necessary to permit certain shared risk and other risk sharing  
981 arrangements among providers and ACOs; and

982 2) a waiver of or exemption from the provisions of 42 U.S.C. section 1395nn(a) to (e) and  
983 implementing regulations or other necessary authorization the coordinating council determines  
984 may be necessary to permit physician referrals to other providers as needed to support the  
985 transition to and implementation of global and alternative payment systems and formation of  
986 ACOs.

987 (c) Facilitate coordination of the use of alternative payment methodologies and contracting with  
988 ACOs across all state entities. The executive office of health and human services shall take the

989 lead in negotiations with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid services in contracts for  
990 reimbursement for Medicare services under this chapter.

991 (d) (1) Develop a pilot program with one or more health systems that are early adopters of the  
992 ACO model under chapter 118I of the General Laws, provided it determines that doing so will  
993 not conflict with other pilot programs it may be pursuing or engaged in. The pilot program shall  
994 provide quality improvement incentive grants to selected health systems which establish and  
995 participate in a cooperative effort between representatives of employees and management that is  
996 focused on controlling costs and improving the quality of care. These piloted labor-management  
997 partnership efforts shall implement an employee education/training program and other needed  
998 initiatives in order to achieve the following goals:

999 (i) Engage the health systems' workforce in efforts to implement the necessary system reforms  
1000 needed to move from a fee-for-service to a global payments model;

1001 (ii) Engage the health systems' workforce in efforts to measurably improve the quality of care  
1002 provided by the health system, to reduce medical errors and to decrease unnecessary health care  
1003 utilization; and

1004 (iii) Engage the health system's workforce in efforts to prepare the health system to comply with  
1005 all MassHealth pay-for-performance standards and new MassHealth policies on non-payment  
1006 for certain identified serious reportable events; and

1007 (iv) Develop team-based care delivery systems that integrate the work of management,  
1008 physicians and the entire health care workforce to address systemic issues and implement  
1009 innovative solutions designed to reduce costs and improve the quality of care delivery.

1010 (2) Upon completion of the pilot grant program described in paragraph (1), the executive office  
1011 shall prepare a comprehensive report on the pilot program which offers legislative, regulatory  
1012 and other recommendations to establish new and permanent labor-management quality incentive  
1013 payment initiatives. This report shall include recommendations whether to:

1014 (i) Create a new and permanent MassHealth quality improvement incentive payment system to  
1015 promote cooperative labor-management efforts; and

1016 (ii) Expand the new MassHealth incentive payment system to all health systems; and

1017 (iii) Develop additional quality incentive payment systems through modifications of private  
1018 insurance carriers' provider reimbursement payment methods that are designed to incentivize  
1019 cooperative labor-management efforts.

1020 (3) The executive office shall seek federal and other financial support to supplement state  
1021 resources to carry out this clause (d).

1022 (4) The executive office shall adopt regulations or procedures to carry out this clause (d).

1023 (e) Submit a written report annually to the coordinating council on all of its waiver, coordination  
1024 and negotiation obligations, and regulations promulgated pursuant to its obligations and authority  
1025 under this chapter. This report shall include a plan for achieving all milestones and benchmarks  
1026 relating to the transition to the ACO model of care and adoption of alternative payment  
1027 methodologies by purchasers, payers, and providers of publicly funded services. The executive  
1028 office shall submit additional or supplemental reports or analyses at the request of the  
1029 coordinating council.

1030 (f) Participate in all meetings of the coordinating council, and shall participate in making  
1031 recommendations to other agencies represented on the coordinating council as needed to promote  
1032 the goals and purposes of this act. The secretary of health and human services shall adopt or  
1033 otherwise implement all recommendations made by the coordinating council to the executive  
1034 office of health and human services to the extent consistent with federal law.

1035 Behavioral Health Care Task Force

1036 SECTION 22. There shall be a task force comprised of 9 representatives with expertise in  
1037 behavioral health treatment, service delivery, integration of behavioral health with primary care,  
1038 and behavioral health reimbursement systems. The coordinating council shall appoint the  
1039 members of the task force. The task force shall report to the coordinating council its findings  
1040 and recommendations relative to (a) the most effective and appropriate approach to including  
1041 behavioral health services in the array of services provided by ACOs; (b) how current prevailing  
1042 reimbursement methods and covered behavioral health benefits may need to be modified to  
1043 achieve more cost effective, integrated and high quality behavioral health outcomes; and (c) the  
1044 extent to which and how payment for behavioral health services should be included under  
1045 alternative payment methods established or regulated under this act. The first meeting shall be  
1046 convened within 60 days after passage of this act. The task force shall submit its report of  
1047 findings and recommendations to the coordinating council no later than April 1, 2013.