HOUSE No. 5241

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, January 5, 2021.

The committee on Ways and Means to whom was referred the Senate Bill relative to sexual violence on higher education campuses (Senate, No. 2979), reports recommending that the same ought to pass with an amendment striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in place thereof the text of House document numbered 5241.

For the committee,

AARON MICHLEWITZ.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-First General Court (2019-2020)

By striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in place thereof the following:-
SECTION 1. Chapter 15A of the General Laws is hereby amended by adding the
following 2 sections:-
Section 45. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms shall have the
following meanings unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
"Institution", a public or independent institution of higher education located in the
commonwealth and authorized to grant degrees pursuant to any general or special law.
"Sexual misconduct", an incident of sexual violence, dating violence, domestic violence,
gender-based violence, violence based on sexual orientation or gender identity or expression,
sexual assault, sexual harassment or stalking.
(b)(1) Each institution shall conduct a sexual misconduct climate survey of all students at
the institution not less than once every 4 years.
(2) The sexual misconduct climate surveys shall gather information on topics including,
but not limited to: (i) the number of reported and unreported incidents of sexual misconduct at
the institution; (ii) when and where incidents of sexual misconduct occurred; (iii) student

15 awareness of institutional policies and procedures related to campus sexual misconduct; (iv) 16 whether a student reported the sexual misconduct and, if so, to which campus resource the report 17 was made; (v) whether a student was informed of or referred to local, state, campus or other 18 resources or victim support services, including appropriate medical care and legal services; (vi) 19 whether a student was provided with information about resources for protection from retaliation, 20 access to school-based supportive measures and civil justice and criminal justice remedies; (vii) 21 contextual factors, such as whether the incident of sexual misconduct involved force, 22 incapacitation or coercion; (viii) demographic information that could be used to identify at-risk 23 groups; and (ix) perceptions of campus safety among members of the campus community and 24 confidence in the institution's ability to protect against and respond to incidents of sexual 25 misconduct.

26 (c) There shall be a task force on sexual misconduct surveys. The task force shall consist 27 of: the commissioner of higher education or a designee, who shall serve as co-chair; the 28 commissioner of public health or a designee, who shall serve as co-chair; the secretary of public 29 safety and security or a designee; the attorney general or a designee; 1 member of the house of 30 representatives to be appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives; 1 member of the 31 senate to be appointed by the senate president; and 21 persons to be appointed by the governor, 1 32 of whom shall be a student attending a community college, 1 of whom shall be a student 33 attending a public university, 2 of whom shall be students attending an independent institution of 34 higher education in the commonwealth, 1 of whom shall be a representative of the University of 35 Massachusetts recommended by the president of the university, 1 of whom shall be a 36 representative of the state universities recommended by the Massachusetts State Colleges 37 Council of Presidents, 1 of whom shall be a representative of community colleges recommended

38 by the Massachusetts Association of Community Colleges, 2 of whom shall be representatives of 39 private colleges and universities recommended by the Association of Independent Colleges and Universities in Massachusetts, Inc., 1 of whom shall be a representative recommended by Jane 40 41 Doe, Inc.: the Massachusetts Coalition Against Sexual Assault And Domestic Violence, 1 of 42 whom shall be a representative recommended by the Victim Rights Law Center, Inc., 2 of whom 43 shall be representatives recommended by sexual assault crisis service centers and counseling 44 centers located in an urban and rural region of the commonwealth, 2 of whom shall be representatives recommended by community-based sexual assault crisis service centers funded 45 46 by the department of public health, 1 of whom shall be a representative recommended by the 47 Massachusetts commission on lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer and questioning youth, 1 48 of whom shall be a representative recommended by the Every Voice Coalition or any successor 49 organization, 2 of whom shall be researchers with experience in the development and design of 50 sexual misconduct climate surveys and 2 of whom who shall have experience in higher education 51 survey analysis and be researchers of: (i) statistics; (ii) data analytics; or (iii) econometrics. 52 Membership on the task shall be reflective of the gender, racial and geographic diversity of the 53 commonwealth and preference shall be given to those with background, education and 54 experience in the fields of public health, survey design or Title IX.

(d)(1) The task force shall develop model questions for use by institutions in sexual misconduct climate surveys. The task force shall provide the model questions to the commissioner of higher education with related recommendations respecting the content, timing and application of the surveys. The recommendations shall include, but not be limited to, recommendations on achieving statistically valid response rates and on addressing non-response bias. 61 (2) The sexual misconduct climate survey model questions shall include a subset of 62 questions taken from or consistent with questions in the Administrator-Researcher Campus 63 Climate Collaborative survey or another sexual misconduct climate survey that is currently in 64 use by institutions and that the task force deems high-quality. The subset of model questions 65 shall generate responses related to topics including, but not limited to: (i) the prevalence of 66 sexual misconduct on campus; (ii) student knowledge of and familiarity with campus practices 67 for reporting and addressing sexual misconduct; and (iii) services available to victims of sexual 68 misconduct.

69 (3) In developing the sexual misconduct climate survey model questions, the task force 70 shall: (i) utilize best practices from peer-reviewed research and consult with individuals with 71 expertise in the development and use of sexual misconduct climate surveys by institutions of 72 higher education; (ii) review sexual misconduct climate surveys that have been developed and 73 previously utilized by institutions of higher education; (iii) provide opportunities for written 74 comment from organizations that work directly with survivors of sexual misconduct to align 75 questions with a trauma-informed approach and to ensure the adequacy and appropriateness of 76 the proposed content; (iv) consult with institutions of higher education on strategies for 77 optimizing the effectiveness of the survey; (v) provide opportunities for written comment from advocates to ensure that the survey impartially addresses campus sexual misconduct; and (vi) 78 79 account for the diverse needs of and differences between the commonwealth's institutions of 80 higher education.

(4) The commissioner of higher education shall review and approve the sexual
misconduct climate survey model questions provided by the task force and shall periodically
review and make recommendations for changes to the model questions and to the content and

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84	timing of the sexual misconduct climate surveys. In addition, the task force may be revived at
85	any time by the commissioner. The commissioner shall provide a copy of the model questions to
86	all institutions; provided, however, that an institution may develop and use its own campus-
87	specific survey if the survey: (i) is designed to provide the institution with data to inform policies
88	to prevent and respond to sexual misconduct; (ii) meets quality standards determined by the
89	commissioner; and (iii) includes the subset of model questions described in paragraph (2).
90	(e) Within 120 days after completion and analysis of a sexual misconduct climate survey,
91	each institution shall post a summary of the results on the institution's website.
92	(f) A sexual misconduct climate survey, including any campus-specific surveys
93	developed and implemented by an institution, shall collect anonymous responses and shall
94	prohibit the disclosure of identifying information.
95	(g) The department shall promulgate regulations necessary to implement this section.
96	Section 46. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms shall have the
97	following meanings unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
98	"Institution", a public or independent institution of higher education located in the
99	commonwealth and authorized to grant degrees pursuant to any general or special law.
100	"Reporting party", a student or employee of an institution who reports being subject to an
101	incident of sexual misconduct to the institution.
102	
	"Responding party", a student or employee of an institution who has been accused of an

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104 "Sexual misconduct", an incident of sexual violence, dating violence, domestic violence,
105 gender-based violence, violence based on sexual orientation or gender identity or expression,
106 sexual assault, sexual harassment or stalking.

107 "Title IX", Title IX of the federal Education Amendments of 1972.

108 "Title IX coordinator", the employee of an institution responsible for the institution's109 compliance with Title IX.

110 (b) Consistent with applicable state and federal law and regulation, each institution shall 111 adopt policies on sexual misconduct involving students or employees of the institution that 112 comport with best practices and current professional standards and shall establish procedures for 113 regularly reviewing and updating the policies. The policies shall be publicly available on the 114 institution's website in an accessible format and shall be made available in writing to an 115 applicant, student or employee of the institution upon request. The policies shall be developed in 116 coordination with the institution's Title IX coordinator and may consider input from internal and 117 external entities including, but not limited to, institutional administrators, personnel affiliated 118 with on-campus or off-campus health care centers, personnel affiliated with on-campus, when 119 available, or local, community-based rape crisis centers or domestic violence programs, 120 confidential resource providers, residence life staff, students, the department of state police and 121 the police department or district attorney having jurisdiction in the city or town in which the 122 institution's primary campus is located. The policies shall include, but not be limited to: (i) 123 procedures by which students and employees at the institution may report incidents of sexual 124 misconduct regardless of where the offense occurred; (ii) information on where to receive 125 immediate emergency assistance following an incident of sexual misconduct, which shall

126 include, but not be limited to, information related to preserving evidence and contact information 127 for seeking medical treatment on campus, if available, and off campus; (iii) descriptions of the 128 types of counseling and health, safety, academic and other support services available from the 129 institution within the local community or region or through a local community-based rape crisis 130 center or domestic violence program, including contact information; (iv) information on the 131 rights of students and employees to: (A) notify or decline to notify law enforcement, including 132 campus, local and state police, of an alleged incident of sexual misconduct; (B) receive 133 assistance from campus authorities in making any such notification; (C) obtain a court-issued 134 protective order or an institution-issued no-contact order against an alleged perpetrator of the 135 sexual misconduct; and (D) concurrently utilize the institution's process for investigating sexual 136 misconduct complaints and any external civil or criminal processes available to the student or 137 employee; (v) school-based supportive measures reasonably available from the institution, which 138 shall include, but not be limited to, options for changing academic, living, campus transportation 139 or working arrangements in response to an alleged incident of sexual misconduct, regardless of 140 where the conduct occurred or whether such conduct occurred outside of an institution's 141 programs or activities, and regardless of whether a complaint is filed in accordance with the 142 institution's policy for resolving complaints, how to request such measures and the process to 143 have any such measures reviewed; (vi) procedures for students or employees to notify the 144 institution that a protective order has been issued under state or federal law and the institution's 145 responsibilities upon receipt of such notice; (vii) a summary of the institution's procedures for 146 resolving complaints of sexual misconduct promptly and equitably, including clear statements 147 advising students and employees: (A) that notice shall be given to the responding party and shall 148 include, but not be limited to, the date, time and location, if known, of the alleged incident of

149 sexual misconduct and a specific statement of which policies were allegedly violated and by 150 what actions; (B) that an impartial investigation, including any hearings and resulting 151 disciplinary proceedings, shall be conducted by an individual who receives not less than annual 152 training on issues relating to sexual misconduct, investigatory procedures and hearing procedures 153 to protect the safety and rights of students and employees and promote accountability; (C) that 154 there is a presumption that the responding party is not responsible for the alleged conduct until a 155 determination regarding responsibility is made by the institution at the conclusion of the relevant 156 process; (D) that both parties shall be provided equal opportunities to inspect and review evidence obtained as part of the investigation that is directly related to the allegations; (E) that 157 158 the reporting party of an alleged incident of sexual misconduct and the responding party may be 159 accompanied by and represented by an advisor or support person of their choice, which may 160 include an advocate or counsel, to meet with the institution's investigator or other fact finder and 161 may consult with an advisor or support person, which may include an advocate, confidential 162 resource provider or counsel, during any meetings, hearings and disciplinary proceedings; 163 provided, however, that the institution may establish rules regarding how the meetings, hearings 164 and disciplinary proceedings will be conducted, which may include guidelines on the extent to 165 which the advisor, confidential resource provider or support person for each party may 166 participate in a meeting, hearing or disciplinary proceeding and any limitations on participation; 167 provided further, that the rules, including guidelines on participation and limits of participation, 168 shall apply equally to both parties; and provided further, that the institution shall adopt 169 reasonable measures to provide for the involvement of the advisor, confidential resource 170 provider or support person for each party but the availability of the advisor, confidential resource 171 provider or support person shall not significantly delay a meeting or disciplinary proceeding; (F)

172 of the standard of evidence used to resolve complaints; (G) that the reporting party and the 173 responding party shall be provided with a copy of the institution's policies regarding the 174 submission and consideration of evidence that may be used during a hearing or disciplinary 175 proceeding and shall have equal opportunity to present evidence and witnesses on their behalf 176 during a hearing or disciplinary proceeding; provided, however, that each party shall be provided 177 with timely and equal access to relevant evidence that shall be used in the determination of a 178 disciplinary action; (H) that there may be restrictions on evidence considered by the fact finder 179 including, but not limited to, the use of evidence of prior sexual activity or character witnesses; 180 (I) that the reporting party and the responding party shall not be personally allowed to directly 181 question each other during a hearing or disciplinary proceeding; (J) that the reporting party and 182 the responding party shall be informed in writing of the results of a hearing or disciplinary 183 proceeding not later than 7 business days after a final determination of a complaint, not including 184 any time for appeal, unless good cause for additional time is shown, and that they shall be 185 informed of any process for appealing the decision; (K) that if an institution offers an appeal as a 186 result of procedural errors, previously unavailable relevant evidence that could significantly 187 impact the outcome of a case or where the sanction is disproportionate to the findings, the 188 reporting party and the responding party shall be provided with an equal opportunity to appeal 189 decisions regarding responsibility or sanctions; and (L) that the institution shall not disclose the 190 identity of the reporting party and the responding party, except as necessary to carry out a 191 disciplinary process or as permitted under state or federal law; (viii) a summary of the 192 institution's employee disciplinary process as it pertains to sexual misconduct; (ix) the range of 193 sanctions or penalties the institution may impose on students and employees found responsible 194 for a violation of the applicable institutional policy prohibiting acts of sexual misconduct; and (x) a summary of the institution's policy on retaliation, noting that the institution prohibits retaliation
against anyone who reports sexual misconduct, assists another in making a report or participates
in an investigation of a report.

198 (c) Each institution shall, to the extent feasible, adopt a memorandum of understanding 199 with local law enforcement agencies to establish the respective roles and responsibilities of each 200 party related to the prevention of and response to on-campus and off-campus sexual misconduct. 201 In adopting the memorandum of understanding, institutions and local law enforcement agencies 202 shall develop policies and procedures that comply with all applicable confidentiality and privacy 203 laws and that: (i) set out the jurisdiction of the local law enforcement agencies based on criteria 204 such as location and type of incident and provide for cross-jurisdictional or multi-jurisdictional 205 response and investigation, as appropriate; (ii) establish protocols, as permitted by federal and 206 state law, for cases where a student or employee consents to the release of relevant 207 documentation and information generated or acquired during local law enforcement or campus 208 police investigations; and (iii) include methods for notifying the appropriate district attorney's 209 office. If an institution is subject to the jurisdiction of more than 1 local law enforcement agency, 210 1 memorandum of understanding among the institution and the local law enforcement agencies 211 shall comply with this subsection.

(d) The commissioner shall appoint within the department of higher education a campus safety advisor to facilitate and advance statewide campus safety at public and private institutions of higher education. Such person shall have relevant public safety policy experience that may include campus public safety policy experience. The advisor shall coordinate, aggregate and disseminate best practices, training opportunities and other resources to enhance campus safety at institutions. 218 (e) An institution shall make publicly available on its website, in an accessible format: (i) 219 the Annual Security Report required under the federal Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus 220 Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, codified as subsection (f) of 20 U.S.C. section 221 1092, relating to sexual misconduct and all information contained in an institution's annual 222 report as required in subsection (q); (ii) the telephone number and website for a local, state or 223 national 24-hour hotline that provides information on sexual misconduct; (iii) the name and 224 contact information for the institution's Title IX coordinator; (iv) the name and contact 225 information for a confidential resource provider, appointed pursuant to subsection (1), and a 226 description of the role of and services provided by a confidential resource provider, which shall 227 be updated on a timely basis; (v) the name and location of the nearest medical facility where an 228 individual may request that a sexual assault evidence collection kit be administered by a trained 229 sexual violence forensic health care provider, including, but not limited to, information on 230 transportation options and reimbursement for travel costs, if any; (vi) its policies on sexual 231 misconduct; (vii) sexual misconduct reporting options for students and employees; (viii) the 232 process of investigation and adjudication by the institution; and (ix) the process for requesting a 233 possible interim school-based supportive measure, when reasonable and available, to change an 234 academic, living, campus transportation or working situation in response to alleged sexual 235 misconduct. The institution shall also establish the methods for sharing reports with local law 236 enforcement authorities pursuant to the federal Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security 237 Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, codified as subsection (f) of 20 U.S.C. section 1092, 238 and for facilitating the issuance of timely warnings and emergency notifications required by the 239 federal Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act,

codified as subsection (f) of 20 U.S.C. section 1092, relative to crimes that may pose a serious
threat to the campus or near campus communities.

(f) Annually, not later than August 20, institutions shall transmit to students and
employees by electronic mail their policies and procedures concerning the reporting and
investigation of an allegation of sexual misconduct made by a student or employee of the
institution against another student or employee of the institution.

(g) Upon receiving a report of sexual misconduct, an institution shall provide a notice of
the student's or the employee's rights and options under the institution's sexual misconduct
policies to the reporting party.

249 (h) An institution that does not provide its own sexual assault crisis service center shall 250 enter into and maintain a memorandum of understanding with a community-based sexual assault 251 crisis service center funded by the department of public health and a community-based domestic 252 violence program funded by the department of public health to: (i) provide an off-campus 253 alternative for students and employees to receive sexual assault crisis services, including access 254 to a sexual assault nurse examiner if available, or domestic violence crisis services in response to 255 sexual misconduct; (ii) ensure that a student or employee of the institution is able to access free 256 and confidential counseling and advocacy services either on campus or off campus; and (iii) 257 encourage cooperation and trainings between the institution and the service center or program to 258 ensure an understanding of the roles that the institution, service center and program should play 259 in responding to reports and disclosures of sexual misconduct against students and employees of 260 the institution and the institution's protocols for providing support and services to the students 261 and employees.

262 The memorandum of understanding may include an agreement, including a fee structure, 263 for the sexual assault crisis service center or domestic violence program to provide confidential 264 victim services. Confidential victim services may include: (i) case consultation and training fees 265 for confidential resource employees; (ii) consultation fees for the development and 266 implementation of student education and prevention programs; (iii) the development of staff 267 training and prevention curricula; and (iv) confidential on-site office space for an advocate from 268 a sexual assault crisis service center or domestic violence program to meet with students and 269 employees.

The department of higher education may waive the memorandum of understanding requirement to an institution that demonstrates that the institution acted in good faith but was unable to obtain a signed memorandum.

(i) An institution shall provide a method for anonymously reporting an incident of sexualmisconduct that involves a student or employee of the institution.

(j) An institution shall notify its students and employees of the institution's obligations under state and federal law to: (i) investigate or address the alleged sexual misconduct, including when the alleged act was reported anonymously; (ii) assess whether the report triggers the need for a timely warning or emergency notification under state or federal regulations, the obligations of which may, in limited circumstances, result in the release of the reporting party's identity; and (iii) disclose the identity of a reporting party to another student, an employee or a third party.

(k) A reporting party or a witness who causes an investigation of sexual misconduct shall
not be subject to a disciplinary sanction for a violation of the institution's student conduct policy
related to the incident unless the institution determines that the report was not made in good faith

or that the violation was egregious. An egregious violation shall include, but not be limited to,
taking an action that places the health and safety of another person at risk.

286 (1) Each institution shall establish a campus security policy that includes the designation 287 of at least 1 confidential resource provider. The confidential resource provider may have another 288 role at the institution; provided, however, that the confidential resource provider shall not be a 289 student, a Title IX coordinator or an employee who is required by Title IX to report to the Title 290 IX coordinator. The institution shall designate new or existing categories of employees that may 291 serve as confidential resource providers. The designation of an existing category of employees 292 shall not preclude the institution from designating a new or existing employee or partnering with 293 a local, state or national victim services organization to serve as a confidential resource provider 294 or to serve in another confidential role. An institution may partner with an outside victim support 295 services organization to provide a confidential resource provider under this section. An 296 institution that enrolls less than 1,000 students may partner with another institution in the region 297 or within the commonwealth to establish a campus security policy and provide a confidential 298 resource provider.

Upon the request of the reporting party or responding party, the confidential resource provider shall provide information on: (i) reporting options and the effects of each option; (ii) counseling services available on campus and through a local, community-based rape crisis center or domestic violence program; (iii) medical and health services available on campus and off campus; (iv) available school-based supportive measures related to academic and residence life; (v) the disciplinary process of the institution; and (vi) the legal process carried out through local law enforcement agencies. 306 The confidential resource provider shall receive training in the awareness and prevention 307 of sexual misconduct and in trauma-informed response and coordinate with any on-campus or 308 off-campus sexual assault crisis service center or domestic violence program and, if directed by 309 the reporting party, campus or local law enforcement agencies may, as appropriate, assist the 310 student or employee in contacting or reporting to campus or local law enforcement agencies. If 311 requested by the reporting party, the confidential resource provider, using only the reporting 312 party's identifying information, shall coordinate with the appropriate institutional personnel to 313 arrange possible interim school-based supportive measures to allow the reporting party to change 314 academic, living, campus transportation or working arrangements in response to the alleged 315 sexual misconduct. A confidential resource provider shall not provide services to adverse parties 316 in an incident of sexual misconduct and shall ensure confidentiality is maintained.

317 The confidential resource provider shall notify the reporting party of their rights and the 318 institution's responsibilities regarding a protection order, no contact order and any other lawful 319 orders issued by the institution or by a criminal, civil or tribal court. The confidential resource 320 provider shall not be required to report an incident to the institution or a law enforcement agency 321 unless otherwise required to do so by state or federal law and shall provide confidential services 322 to students and employees. A request for a possible interim school-based supportive measure 323 made by a confidential resource provider on behalf of a reporting party to change an academic, 324 living, campus transportation or working situation in response to alleged sexual misconduct shall 325 not require the reporting party to file a formal complaint for Title IX purposes. A confidential 326 resource provider may attend an administrative or institution-based adjudication proceeding as 327 the advisor or support person of the student's or employee's choice.

328 Unless otherwise required by state or federal law, a confidential resource provider shall 329 not disclose confidential information without the prior written consent of the reporting party who 330 shared the information; provided, however, that nothing in this section shall limit a responding 331 party's right of cross examination of the confidential resource provider in a civil or criminal 332 proceeding if the confidential resource provider testifies after being given written consent to do 333 so by the party. A confidential communication shall not be subject to discovery and shall be 334 inadmissible in a criminal or civil proceeding without the prior written consent of the party who 335 shared the information. Information provided to the confidential resource provider shall not be 336 released to a campus official or law enforcement officer or agency unless written consent has 337 been given by the reporting party. A confidential resource provider shall not act as a counselor or 338 therapist unless the confidential resource provider holds a valid and applicable license under 339 chapter 112 and the reporting party engages the confidential resource provider in that capacity. 340 The privileges available under chapter 233 shall apply to all information received by a 341 confidential resource provider.

If a conflict of interest arises for an institution in which a confidential resource provider is advocating for the reporting party's need for sexual assault crisis services or campus or law enforcement services, the institution shall not discipline, penalize or otherwise retaliate against the confidential resource provider for representing the interest of the reporting party.

Notice to a confidential resource provider of an alleged act of sexual misconduct or a confidential resource provider's performance of a service under this section shall not be considered actual or constructive notice of such an alleged act to the institution at which the confidential resource provider is employed or provides contracted services.

350 (m) Within 45 days of their matriculation or employment, an institution of higher 351 education shall provide to newly-enrolled students and newly-hired employees: (i) mandatory 352 sexual misconduct primary prevention and awareness programming for newly-enrolled students 353 and newly-hired employees of the institution that shall include, but not be limited to: (A) an 354 explanation of civil rights laws, their meaning, purpose, definition and applicability to all forms 355 of sex-based and gender-based harm; (B) the role drugs and alcohol play in changing behavior 356 and affecting an individual's ability to consent; (C) information on options relating to the 357 reporting of an incident of sexual misconduct, the effects of each option and the methods to 358 report an incident of sexual misconduct, including confidential and anonymous disclosure; (D) 359 information on the institution's policies and procedures for resolving sexual misconduct 360 complaints and the range of sanctions or penalties the institution may impose on students and 361 employees found responsible for a violation; (E) the name, contact information and role of the 362 confidential resource provider; and (F) strategies for bystander intervention and risk reduction; 363 and (ii) information on opportunities for ongoing sexual misconduct prevention and awareness 364 campaigns and programming.

365 (n) An individual who participates in the implementation of an institution's disciplinary 366 process for addressing complaints of sexual misconduct, including an individual responsible for 367 resolving complaints of reported incidents, shall have training or experience in handling sexual 368 misconduct complaints and the operation of the institution's applicable disciplinary process. The 369 training shall include, but not be limited to: (i) information on working with and interviewing 370 persons subjected to sexual misconduct; (ii) information on particular types of conduct that 371 constitute sexual misconduct; (iii) information on consent and the role drugs and alcohol may 372 play in an individual's ability to consent; (iv) the effects of trauma, including any

373 neurobiological impact on an individual; (v) cultural competence training regarding how sexual 374 misconduct may impact individuals differently depending on factors that contribute to an 375 individual's cultural background, including, but not limited to, national origin, sex, ethnicity, 376 religion, gender identity, gender expression and sexual orientation; (vi) ways to communicate 377 sensitively and compassionately with a reporting party of sexual misconduct including, but not 378 limited to, an awareness of responding to a reporting party with consideration of that party's 379 cultural background and providing services to or assisting in locating services for the reporting 380 party; (vii) training and information regarding how sexual misconduct may impact individuals 381 with developmental or intellectual disabilities; and (viii) training on the principles of due process 382 necessary to ensure that proceedings are conducted impartially in a manner that is fundamentally 383 fair to all parties.

(o) Each institution shall ensure that its Title IX coordinator and members of its special or
 campus police force or the campus safety personnel employed by the institution are educated and
 trained in the awareness and prevention of sexual misconduct.

387 (p) Nothing in this section shall prevent any other civil rights remedies available through388 any other provision of state or federal law.

(q) Annually, not later than December 1, each institution shall prepare and submit to the department of higher education a report that includes: (i) the total number of reports of sexual misconduct reported to the institution's Title IX coordinator by a student or employee of the institution against another student or employee of the institution; (ii) the number of reports made by a student or employee of the institution against another student or employee of the institution investigated by a local or state law enforcement agency, if known; (iii) the number of students

395 and employees found responsible for violating an institution's policies prohibiting sexual 396 misconduct; (iv) the number of students and employees found not responsible for violating an 397 institution's policies prohibiting sexual misconduct; and (v) the number of disciplinary actions 398 imposed by the institution as a result of a finding of responsibility for violating an institution's 399 policies prohibiting sexual misconduct. Such incident data shall be reported in the form and 400 manner established by the department, in consultation with the attorney general, and in a manner 401 that complies with state and federal privacy laws. The department shall analyze the incident data 402 and shall publish an annual report containing aggregate statewide information on the frequency 403 and nature of sexual misconduct at institutions. The department shall file the annual report with 404 the attorney general, the clerks of the senate and the house of representatives and the joint 405 committee on higher education.

406 (r) The department of higher education shall promulgate regulations necessary to407 implement this section.

SECTION 2. The department of higher education shall promulgate regulations to
implement subsection (c) of section 46 of chapter 15A of the General Laws not later than August
1, 2021.

411 SECTION 3. The task force on sexual misconduct surveys established in subsection (c) 412 of section 45 of chapter 15A of the General Laws shall provide the model questions and related 413 recommendations required pursuant to subsection (d) of said section 45 of said chapter 15A to 414 the commissioner of higher education not later than January 1, 2022.

415 SECTION 4. Section 1 shall take effect on August 1, 2021.

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