

# Extended Hamming Codes , $d(C) = 4$

Detection : single, double and triple errors

Correction : single errors

## Parameters of Extended Hamming Codes

$n$	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
$k$	1	1	2	3	4	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	11	12

$n$	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
$k$	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26

Construction: Add row of all 1's to the check matrix of the Hamming code

Extended Hamming codes consist of codewords of corresponding Hamming codes with even weight.

EXAMPLE

$n=5$

$\Rightarrow r = \lceil \log_2 (5+1) \rceil + 1 = 4$

(87)

$H = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow$

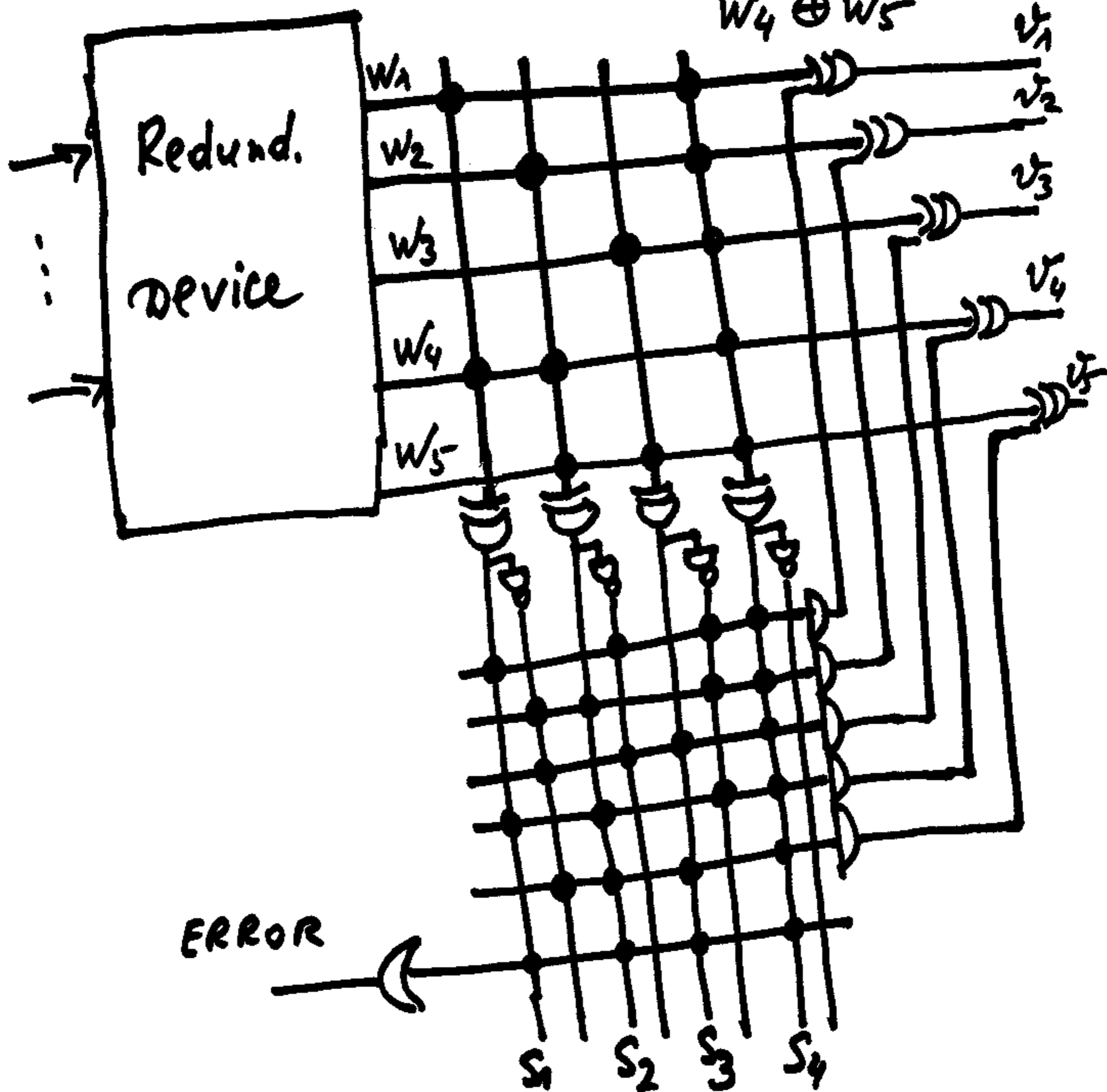
$S_1 = W_1 \oplus W_4$

$S_2 = W_2 \oplus W_4 \oplus W_5$

$S_3 = W_3 \oplus W_5$

$S_4 = W_1 \oplus W_2 \oplus W_3 \oplus$

$W_4 \oplus W_5$



For Hamming and extended Hamming codes we have for a number of 2-input XOR gates to compute syndrome: (88)

$$L \leq \sum_{i,j} h_{ij} - r$$

$H = (h_{ij})$  ( $r \times n$ ) - check matrix

Tradeoff between  $r$  and  $L$

Use codes with small numbers of ones in every column of  $H$   
(codes with low density of parity checks)

Example  $n=15$

$$H_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{array}{l} (15, 11) \text{ code} \\ r=4, \\ L=28 \end{array}$$

$$H_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{array}{l} (15, 10) \text{ code} \\ r=5, \\ L=20 \end{array}$$

(no joint minimization for syndrome computing)

# Joint minimization for syndrome

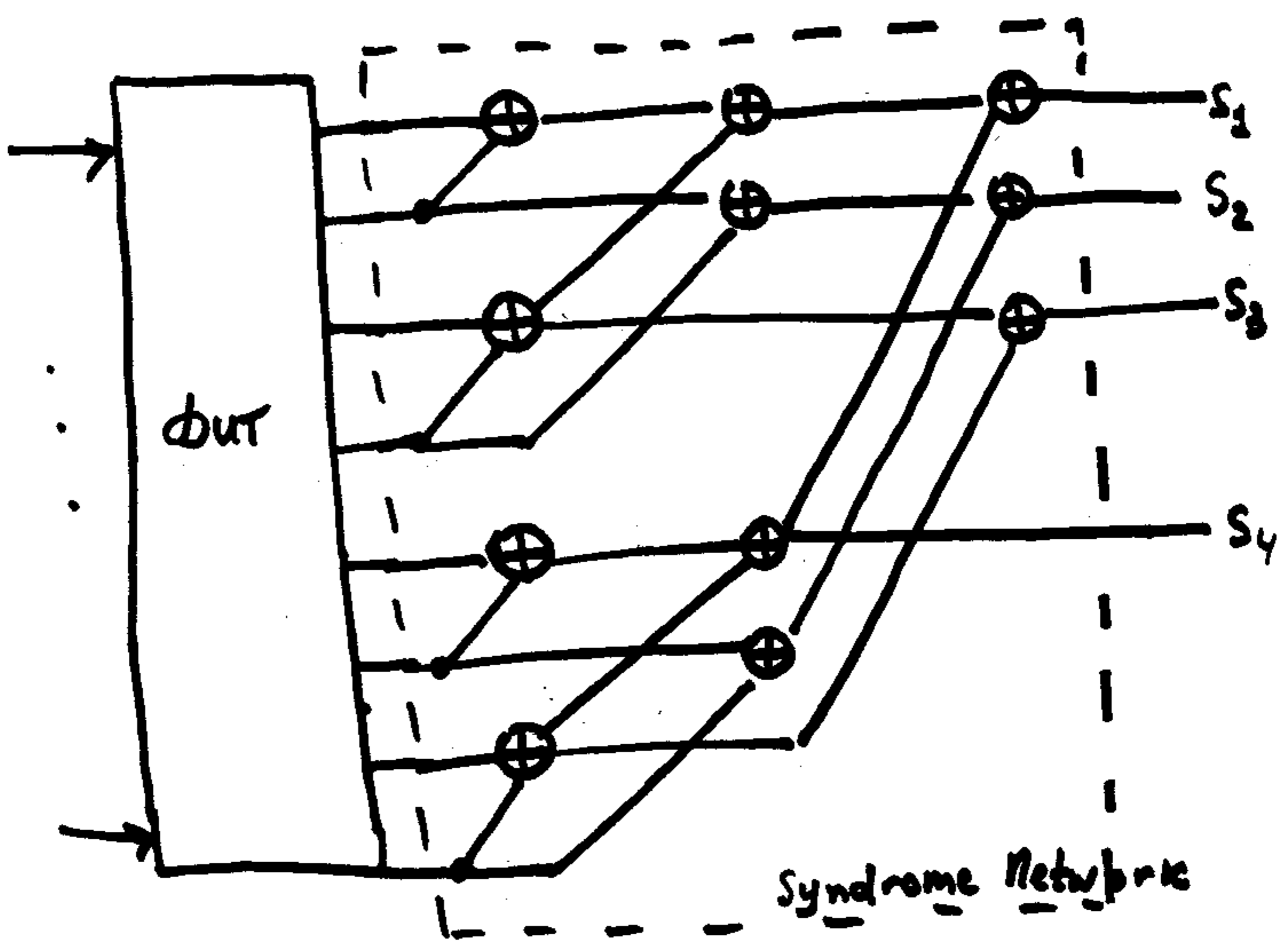
## Computing

Errors in syndrome calculator are not corrected

Example  $n=8$  (8,4) extended Hamming code, distance = 4

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(L=16, without joint minimization)



Existing Computer Systems with Error - Correcting Codes.

**Hamming codes for main memories :**

**IBM 360/370**

**IBM STRETCH**

**PDP 10 and PDP 11**

**DEC System 20**

**VAX 11/750 , VAX 11/780**

**UNIVAC 1100/60**

**XEROX ALTO**

**BELL ESS - 1**

Application of Error - Correcting Codes in Computer Systems ( C + d ).

<b>Boeing Aerospace Computer</b>	<b>(35,28) SEC</b>
<b>DEC MF20 (memory)</b>	<b>(44,36) SEC/DED</b>
<b>MECRA (registers)</b>	<b>Hamming codes and replications</b>
<b>BELL ESS - 3a (microstore)</b>	<b>4 out of 8 codes</b>