Urban Carbon Fluxes from Anthropogenic and Biogenic Sources



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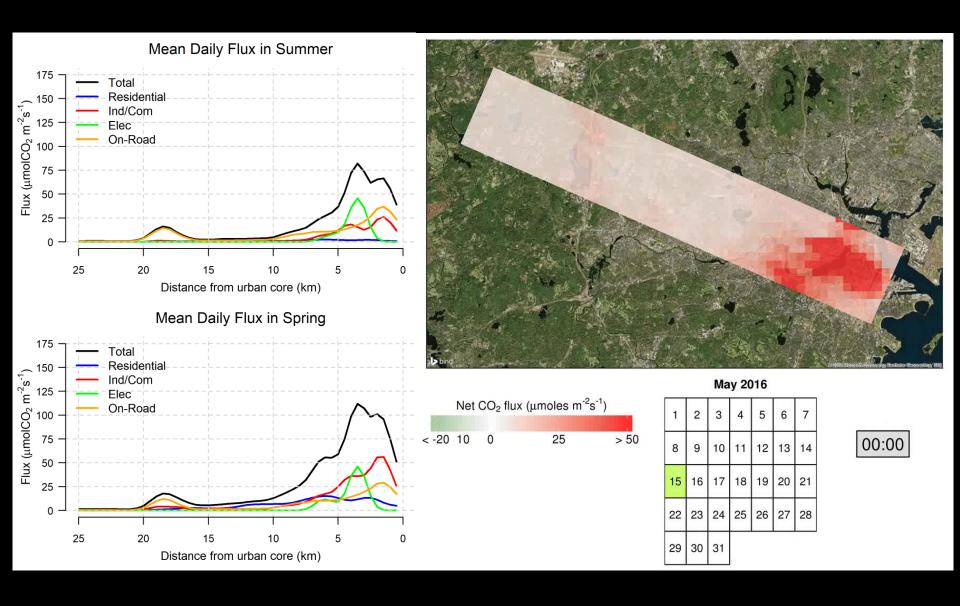
CO₂-Urban Synthesis and Analysis Workshop
October 24th-25th, 2018
Salt Lake City, UT

Making Inventories Play Nicely Together

- Modeling urban carbon fluxes requires diverse data
- Interoperability is a persistent challenge
- Harmonizing model inputs and outputs is time-consuming

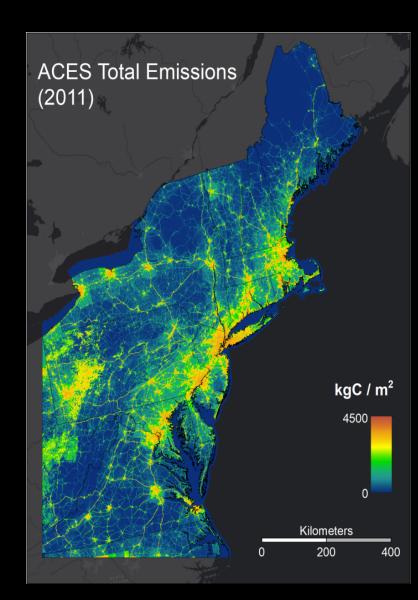


Synchronizing fossil and biosphere fluxes in time and space

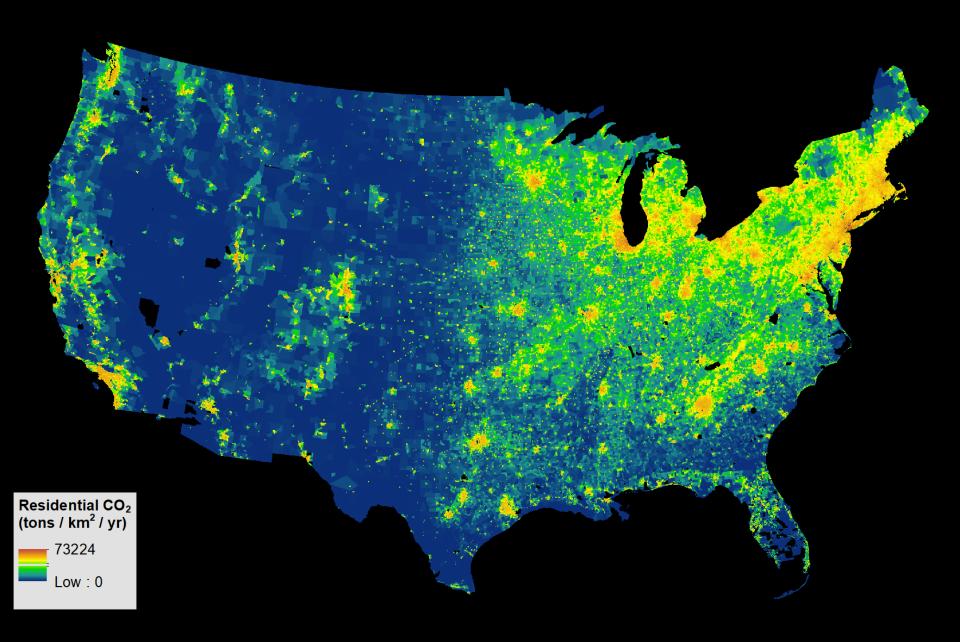


Anthropogenic Carbon Emissions System (ACES)

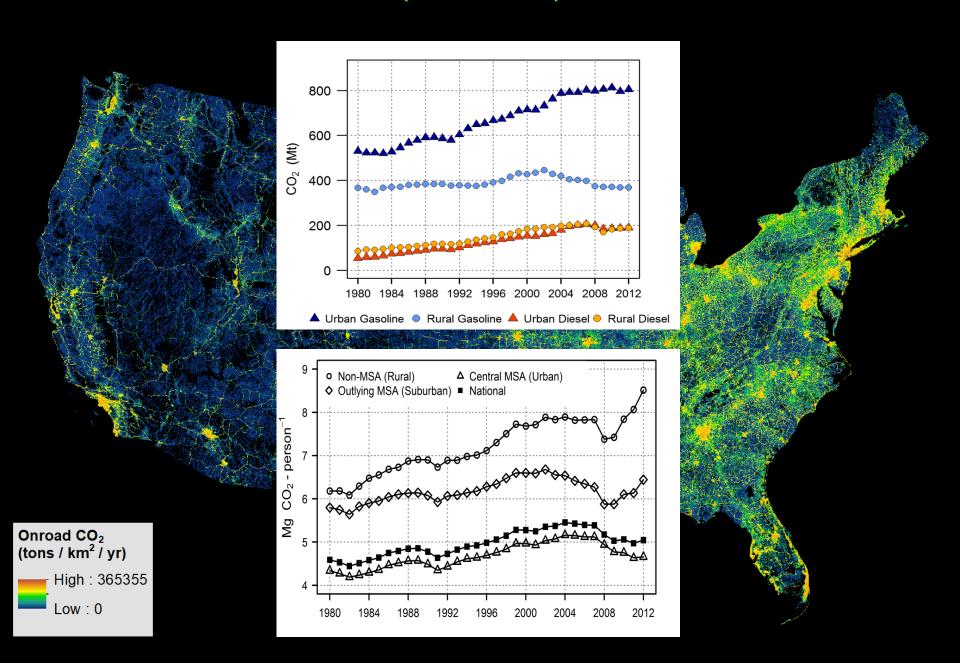
- High resolution (1 km², hourly) bottom-up inventory of FFCO₂ emissions
- Ten fossil fuel source sectors
- Available at ORNL DAAC: https://daac.ornl.gov/
- ACES v2 covers CONUS + AK
 - Spanning years 2012-2016
 - Multiple gridded and cartographic boundary products



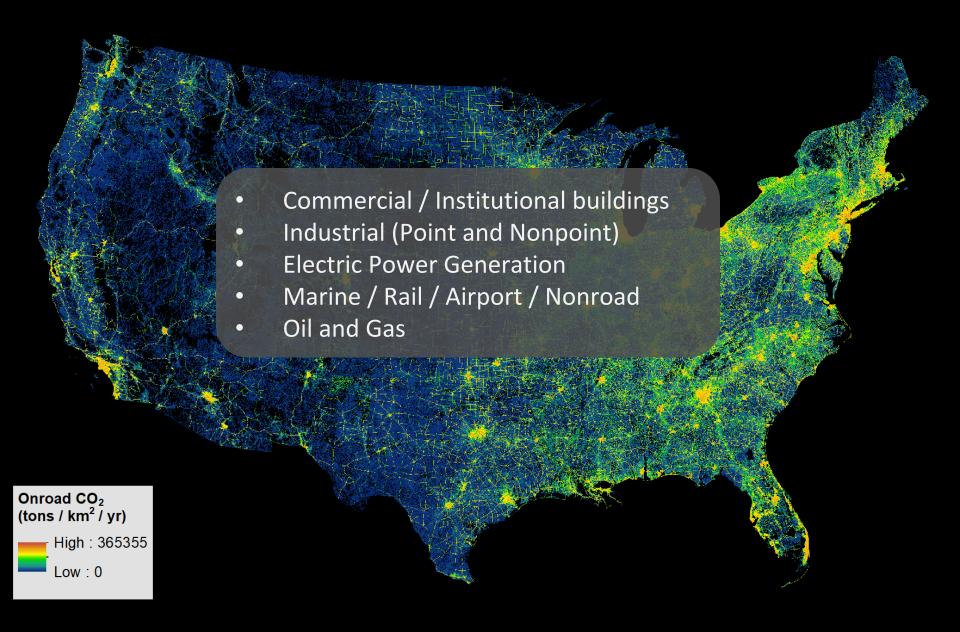
ACES v2 – Residential Sector

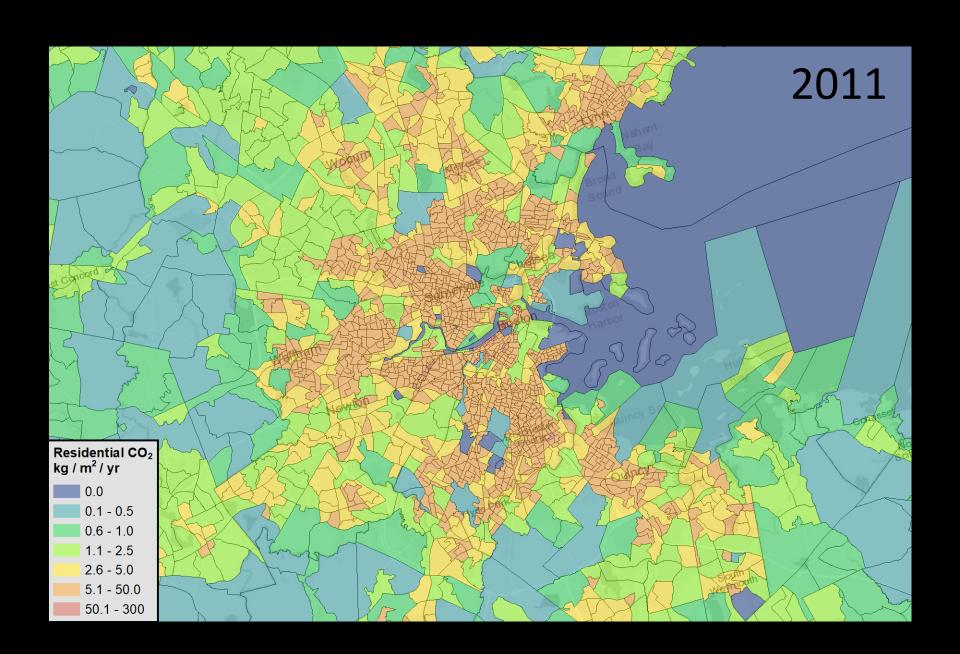


ACES v2 - Onroad Sector (DARTE v2)



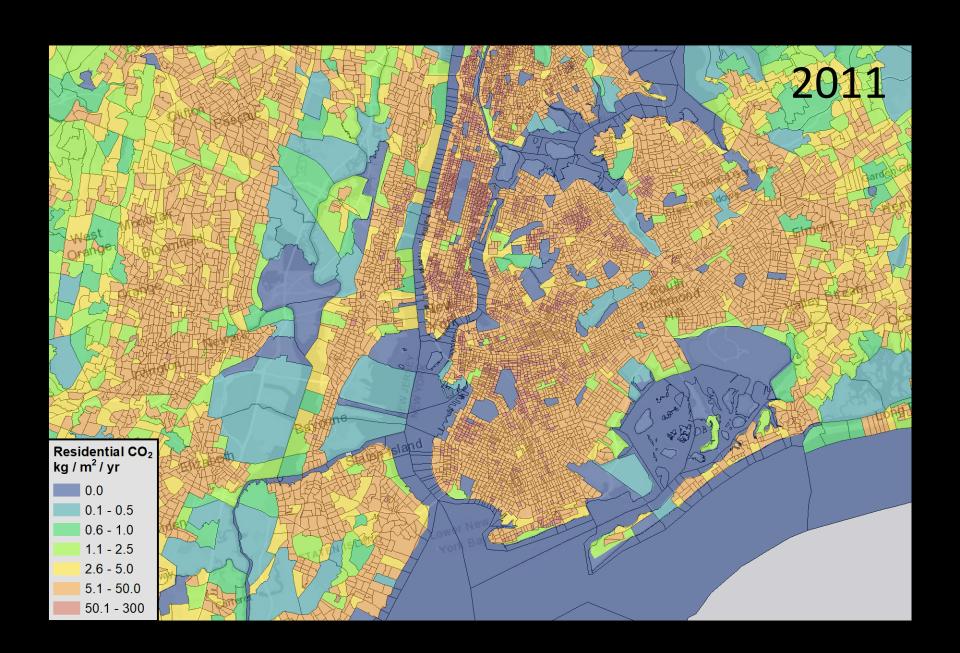
ACES v2 – Onroad Sector (DARTE v2)



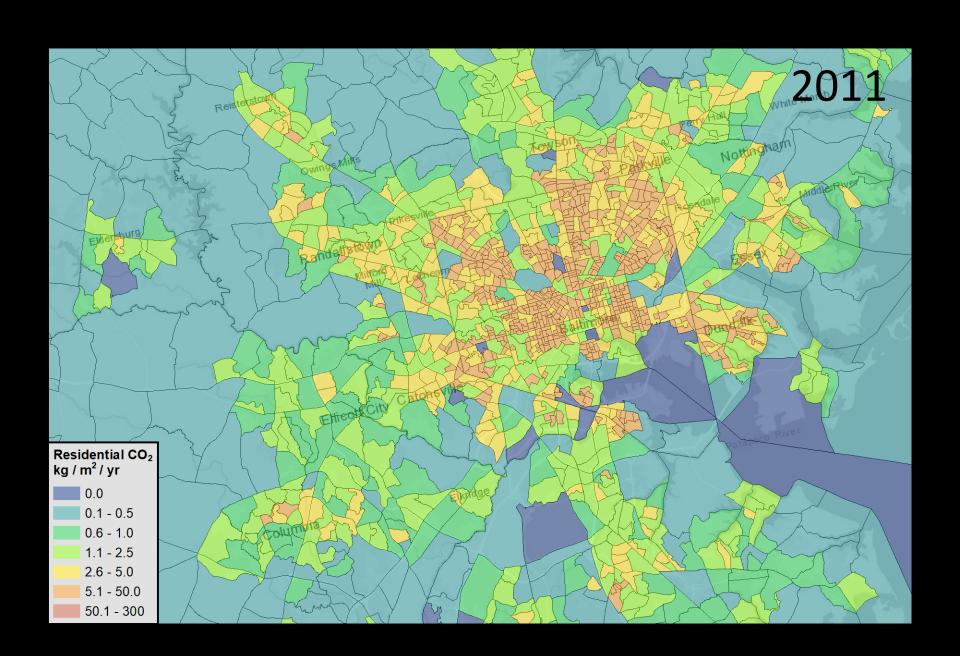


Boston, MA

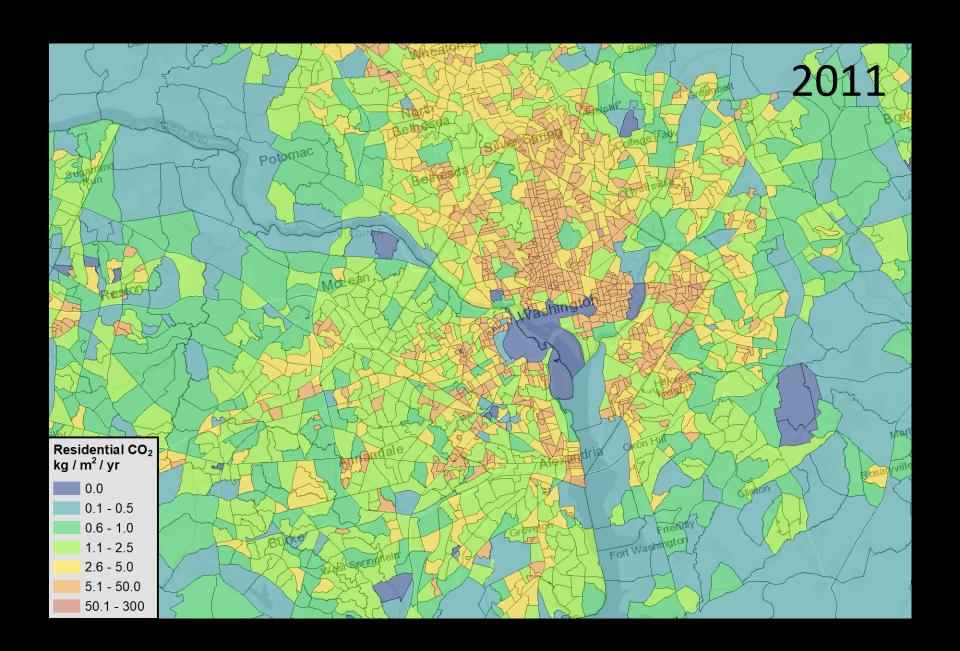




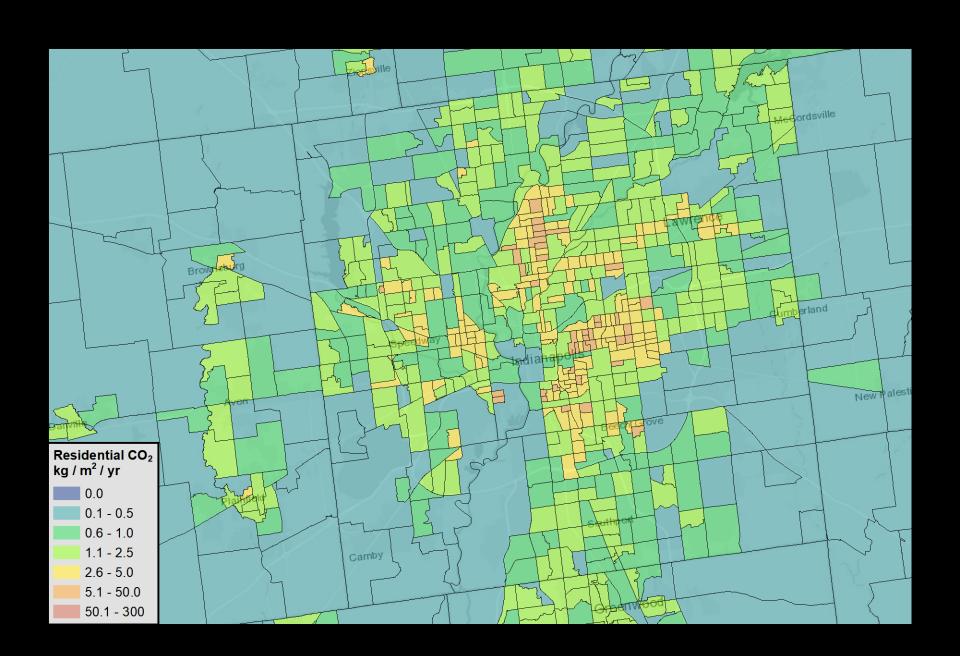
Baltimore, MD



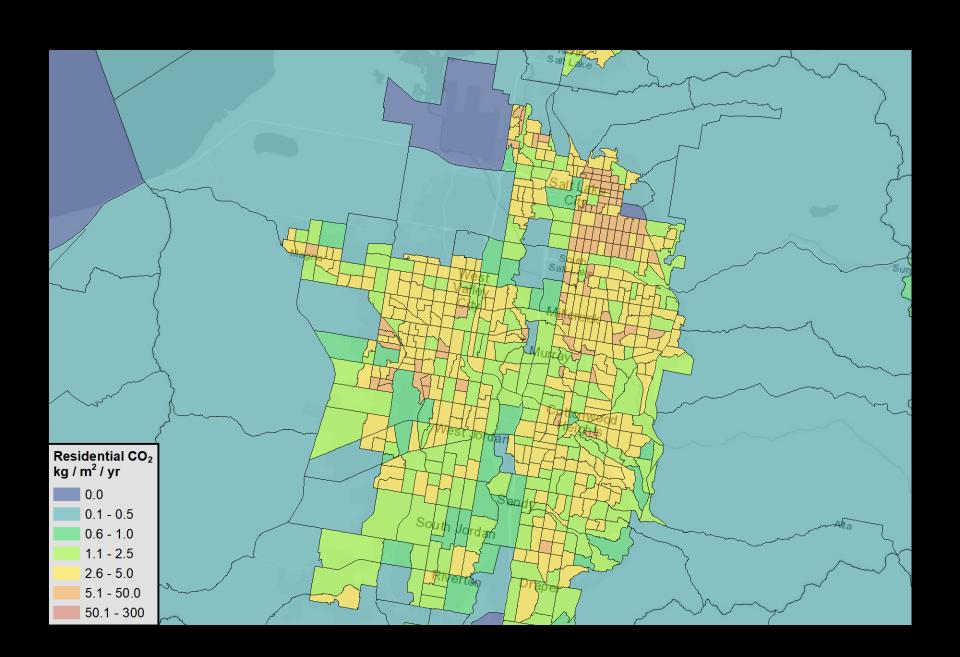
Washington, DC



Indianapolis, IN



Salt Lake City, UT



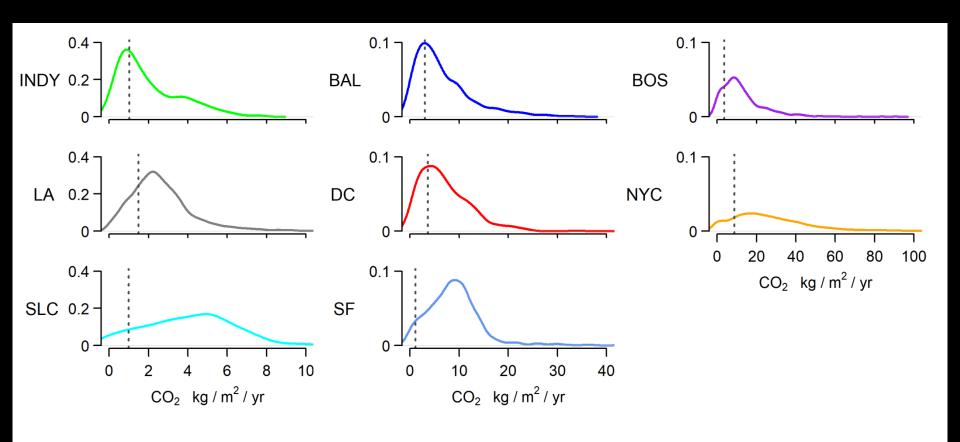
Los Angeles, CA



San Francsico, CA



ACES v2 – Blockgroup variation vs. Municipal Totals



Large spatial variations in emissions intensity within cities

ACES v2 – Coming soon to a DAAC near you!

- CONUS + AK for 2012 2016 at hourly time step
 - 1 x 1 km Lambert Conformal Conic grid
 - -0.01° WGS84 grid
 - 500m MODIS projection grid
 - CF1.7 compliant NetCDFs

- Points, lines, and polygons
 - Census Block and Blockgroup
 - County and Municipal boundaries
 - Road segments and point source facilities