Problem Set 5

(Lagrange Multiplier Methods)

Due: Wednesday, March 21, 2018

Problem 1

Consider the optimization problem

minimize
$$\mathbf{c}'\mathbf{x} + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{x}'\mathbf{Q}\mathbf{x}$$

subject to $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$
 $\mathbf{x} > \mathbf{0}$.

where \mathbf{Q} is an $n \times n$ positive semidefinite matrix. We introduce the logarithmic barrier problem:

minimize
$$\mathbf{c}'\mathbf{x} + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{x}'\mathbf{Q}\mathbf{x} - \mu \sum_{j=1}^{n} \log x_j$$

subject to $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$.

(a) Show that the associated optimality conditions are:

$$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}(\mu) = \mathbf{b},$$

$$-\mathbf{Q}\mathbf{x}(\mu) + \mathbf{A}'\mathbf{p}(\mu) + \mathbf{s}(\mu) = \mathbf{c},$$

$$\mathbf{X}(\mu)\mathbf{S}(\mu)\mathbf{e} = \mathbf{e}\mu,$$

where $\mathbf{X}(\mu) = \operatorname{diag}(x_1(\mu), \dots, x_n(\mu))$ and $\mathbf{S}(\mu) = \operatorname{diag}(s_1(\mu), \dots, s_n(\mu))$.

(b) Show that a Newton direction can be found by solving the following system of equations.

$$egin{align} \mathbf{A}\mathbf{d}_x^k &= \mathbf{0}, \ -\mathbf{Q}\mathbf{d}_x^k + \mathbf{A}'\mathbf{d}_p^k + \mathbf{d}_s^k &= \mathbf{0}, \ \mathbf{S}_k\mathbf{d}_x^k + \mathbf{X}_k\mathbf{d}_s^k &= \mu^k\mathbf{e} - \mathbf{X}_k\mathbf{S}_k\mathbf{e}. \ \end{array}$$

(c) Develop a primal-dual path following interior point algorithm. Implement the algorithm in Matlab and test it in the following example

$$Q=\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \qquad c=(2,1), \qquad A=[1 \ 1], \qquad b=1.$$

Report the result and plot the evolution of the algorithm.

Remark 1 You might want to consult the book by Bertsimas and Tsitsiklis, "Introduction to Linear Optimization", where a primal-dual algorithm is given for the linear programming case, and some implementation issues are discussed.

Problem 2: Exercise 5.2.1 of [Ber]

You can skip part (c).