Teacher Lesson Design

Leslie Dietiker, Boston University dietiker@bu.edu sites.bu.edu/mcle



With appreciation for participating teachers, Rashmi Singh, Meghan Riling, Hector Nieves, & Erin Barno



Think about your math lessons

- Which of these descriptors would you predict students pick after a typical lesson?
- 2. Which would you want them to pick?
- 3. What would need to change?

Funny	Fine	Amazing	Just OK
Fascinating	Suspenseful	Enjoyable	Satisfying
Boring	Fun	Frustrating	Dull
Surprising	Thought- provoking	Intriguing	Not special

Session Overview



- 1. Share an overall design approach for mathematics lessons that we used to raise student curiosity and engagement
- 2. We will participate in one of the lessons (from Algebra 2) in groups
- 3. We will analyze the lesson for how it works
- 4. Discussion

Mathematically Captivating Learning Experiences

6 High School Mathematics Teachers

- 3 Different High Schools:
 - 1 charter
 - 1 comprehensive public urban
 - 1 comprehensive public suburban



Design approach

Interpreted the unfolding mathematics as a story.

Typically, stories need to:

- be about something
- make some sense although you need to suspend "reality"
- offer some reason for the reader to want to keep reading (e.g., suspense, curiosity)
- allow anticipation of what will happen

What is a Math Story?

It's an ordered sequence of connected events (e.g., "acts") that temporally links a beginning to its ending. This framing focuses on the collective interactions between the parts rather than any specific part.



What is a Math Story?

But it is **NOT** only "story problems" nor is it stories about mathematics.

It's focused on how the mathematical ideas come to be recognized and understood.



What is their impact?

Stories create opportunities for readers to become engaged with the story.

The way a mathematical story moves an individual is it's **mathematical plot**.



Designing a Mathematical Story







Work with a partner on the tasks designed by the teacher to experience the mathematical story. **Assume you are a student in Algebra 2.**

- 1. Find two numbers that satisfy each description. If it is not possible to find a solution, write *not possible*.
 - a. Find two numbers that have a product of -20 and a sum of 8.
 - b. Find two numbers that have a product of 4 and a sum of 8.5.
 - c. Find two numbers that have a product of 1 and a sum of 4.
 - d. Find two numbers that have a product of 3/16 and a sum of 1.
 - e. Find two numbers that have a product of -2 and a sum of 0.

Reflection

What do you think Algebra 2 students would think this lesson is about?

Work with a partner on the tasks designed by the teacher to experience the mathematical story.

- 2. Given the equation $x^2 + 7x + 10 = 0$:
 - a. Solve this equation.
 - b. How can you connect the sum and product of the solutions with the equation?



What do you think Algebra 2 students would think this lesson is about? **Has it changed**?

Where do you predict this lesson is heading? Why?

Work with a partner on the tasks designed by the teacher to experience the mathematical story.

3. Suppose a quadratic equation has solutions 6 and -4. Find the equation (in standard form) that has those solutions.

Reflection

What new ideas do you have about the design of this lesson (so far)?

Work with a partner on the tasks designed by the teacher to experience the mathematical story.

- 4. Use the equation $x^2-4x+1=0$:
 - a. Based on the equation, what is the sum and the product of the solutions?
 - b. Solve the equation. Simplify your answers as much as possible.
 - c. Show that the solutions do in fact have the product and sum that you predicted in part (a).

Workspace

- 4. Use the equation $x^2-4x+1=0$:
 - c. Show that the solutions do in fact have the product and sum that you predicted in part (a).





Do any of your previous ideas about this lesson (like it's purpose, what it's doing) need to be revisited?

If so, what is causing you to rethink?

Work with a partner on the tasks designed by the teacher to experience the mathematical story.

- 5. Use the equation $x^2-6x+10 = 0$:
 - a. Based on the equation, what is the sum and the product of the solutions?
 - b. Find two numbers that have the right product and sum. An expansion box may support your work.



Workspace

 $x^2-6x+10 = 0$

Sum:

Product:



Work with a partner on the tasks designed by the teacher to experience the mathematical story.

- 5. Use the equation $x^2-6x+10 = 0$:
 - c. What number system do your solutions belong to?
 - d. Now, solve the original equation $x^2-6x+10 = 0$. Can you confirm your answer to (b)?

Turn and Talk

What do you notice and wonder about the design of this lesson?



Turn and Talk

How does what this lesson seems like it is about change?



Student Reactions - of 15 who took the survey

9 thought provoking
5 surprising
3 intriguing
3 fascinating

"It is much different than before because we were always told that it was an error is there is a negative square root"



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